

# JOC *Article*

## Chemically Defined Sialoside Scaffolds for Investigation of Multivalent Interactions with Sialic Acid Binding Proteins\*\*

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**Abstract:** Four glycodendrons and a glycocluster were synthesized from carbohydrate building blocks to form paucivalent (di- to tetravalent) structures of controlled scaffold architectures. Enzymatic sialylation of the functionalized cluster and dendrons, terminated in lactose residues, generated a library of paucivalent synthetic sialosides displaying sialic acids with different dispositions. These newly constructed bioactive sialic acid-based structures were differentially recognized by sialoadhesin, a mammalian macrophage sialic acid binding protein. The binding of the sialosides to sialoadhesin was evaluated by an enzyme-linked immunosorbant assay to investigate the complementarity of scaffold structure and binding to sialoadhesin. Modulating the interaction between sialoadhesin and its sialic acid ligands has important implications in immunobiology.

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## Supporting Information (33 pages)

<sup>1</sup>H NMR for compounds 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 11, 12, 13, 14, 16  
<sup>13</sup>C NMR for compounds 3, 4, 5, 6, 11, 12, 13, 16  
<sup>13</sup>C DEPT NMR for compounds 3, 11, 12, 13, 16

**General Considerations.** Chemicals were purchased from commercial suppliers and used as received. The ST3-fusion protein<sup>25a</sup> and CMP-Neu5Ac<sup>25b</sup> were prepared following literature procedures. All reactions were performed glass round-bottomed flasks with the following exceptions: photoadditions were done in borosilicate glass vials and enzymatic reactions were carried out in snap-cap microcentrifuge tubes. Thin-layer chromatography (TLC) was carried out on aluminum sheets, coated with silica-gel 60 F and glass plates, coated with Kieselgel 60 F<sub>254</sub>. The plates were inspected by UV light and developed by treatment with an orcinol reagent containing a mixture of 5% H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> in EtOH or an anisaldehyde reagent, followed by heating. Preparative reverse-phase chromatography was conducted on fully end-capped C-18, or C-8 silica gel 100 (230–400 mesh), and gel permeation chromatography (GPC) was performed using a 25×900 mm column of Sephadex LH20 resin, eluting with MeOH, or a 25×1400 mm column of Sephadex G-25 Fine, eluting with 5% *n*BuOH in H<sub>2</sub>O. Analytical reverse-phase HPLC was conducted using a Hypersil 5 mm BDS C-18 silica column (4.6×250 mm) under isocratic elution conditions (MeOH/H<sub>2</sub>O/TFA, 65:35:0.0001) with UV detection, using a Dynamax PDA-2 diode array detector. <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra were recorded on 400 or 500 MHz spectrometers using the residual solvent or TMS as the internal standard. The chemical shifts are expressed on the  $\delta$  scale in parts per million (ppm). The following abbreviations are used to explain the observed multiplicities: s, singlet; d, doublet; dd, doublet of doublets; t, triplet; m, multiplet; br, broad.

**Pentaerythritol-tetrakis-[(tetra-*O*-acetyl- $\beta$ -D-galactopyranosyl-(1→4)-2,3,6-tri-*O*-acetyl- $\beta$ -D-thioglucopyranosyl)-3-propyl] tetraether (3).** Peracetylated  $\beta$ -thiolactose<sup>34</sup> (391 mg, 600  $\mu$ mol) and tetra-*O*-allyl-pentaerythritol<sup>35</sup> (15 mg, 50  $\mu$ mol) were dissolved in freshly distilled MeOH (10 mL). Argon was bubbled through the solution for 30 min to thoroughly degas the

solvent. The vial was then filled with argon, sealed and then irradiated with a Hg lamp and stirred for 5 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated to a smaller volume and the resulting solution was purified using gel filtration chromatography (LH-20, MeOH) to give **3** (65 mg, 45%) after freeze-drying.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (500 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  1.73–1.82 (m, 8H,  $4\times\text{SCH}_2\text{CH}_2$ ), 1.95, 2.04, 2.05, 2.10, 2.14 (5s, 84H,  $21\times\text{COMe}$ ), 2.66–2.70 (m, 8H,  $4\times\text{SCH}_2$ ), 3.28, 3.32 (2t,  $J = 5.8$  Hz, 16H,  $8\times\text{OCH}_2$ ), 3.63 (m, 4H, H-5b), 3.77 (t,  $J = 9.4$  Hz, 4H, H-6b), 3.88 (m, 4H, H-5a), 4.05–4.13 (m, 16H, H-6a, H-6a', H-4a, H-6b'), 4.45–4.50 (m, 12H, H-3a, H-1b, H-1a), 4.88 (m, 4H, H-2a), 5.07–5.11 (m, 4H, H-4b), 5.18–5.21 (t,  $J = 9.2$  Hz, 4H, H-2b), 5.33–5.34 (d,  $J = 2.6$  Hz, 4H, H-3b);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (125 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  20.4, 20.5, 20.6 (3C), 20.7, 20.8, 27.4, 29.9, 60.6, 62.2, 66.5, 69.0, 69.3, 70.3, 70.5, 70.9, 73.7, 76.1, 76.5, 76.7, 83.7, 101.0, 169.0, 169.5, 169.6, 169.9, 170.0, 170.1 (2C), 170.2. MS (MALDI-TOF)  $m/z$  2927.76  $[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$ .

**Pentaerythritol-tetrakis-[( $\beta$ -D-galactopyranosyl-(1 $\rightarrow$ 4)- $\beta$ -D-thioglucopyranosyl)-3-propyl]**

**tetraether (4).** NaOMe (1 mL, 0.5 M in MeOH, 0.5 mmol) was added to a methanolic (5 mL of MeOH) solution of the peracetylated derivative **3** (65 mg, 22  $\mu\text{mol}$ ), and the mixture was left to stir at room temperature overnight. The solution was then neutralized with Amberlite IR-120 ( $\text{H}^+$  form) ion exchange resin, filtered and concentrated to yield **4** (35 mg, 90%).  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{D}_2\text{O}$ , 500 MHz):  $\delta$  1.94 (bs, 8H,  $4\times\text{SCH}_2\text{CH}_2$ ), 2.70–2.85 (m, 8H,  $4\times\text{SCH}_2$ ), 3.39–3.99 (band of m, 64H,  $8\times\text{OCH}_2$ , H-2a, H-3a, H-4a, H-5a, H-6a, H-6a', H-2b, H-3b, H-4b, H-5b, H-6b, H-6b'), 4.46–4.47 (d, 4H,  $J_{1b,2b} = 7.6$  Hz, H-1b), 4.56–4.58 (d, 4H,  $J_{1a,2a} = 9.9$  Hz, H-1a);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR ( $\text{D}_2\text{O}$ , 125 MHz):  $\delta$  26.7, 29.1, 60.2, 61.0, 68.5, 69.1, 69.9, 70.9, 72.0, 72.5, 75.3, 75.7, 78.1, 78.6, 85.3, 102.8, 170.1. MS (MALDI-TOF)  $m/z$  1751.52  $[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$ .

**General Procedure for the Synthesis of Sialosides 5, 7, 9, 14, and 17.** The lactoside (6.9  $\mu\text{mol}$ ) and CMP-Neu5Ac (88 mg, 83  $\mu\text{mol}$ ) were dissolved in  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  (1.2 mL) containing ST3-

Fusion<sup>25</sup> (2.0 mL, 11 U), MnCl<sub>2</sub> (0.4 mL, 200 mM), and cacodylate buffer (0.4 mL, 500 mM, pH = 6.6). The pH of the reaction was maintained between 6 and 7 and the progress of the reaction was monitored by TLC (EtOAc/MeOH/AcOH/H<sub>2</sub>O, 4:3:3:2). After 1 day, the reaction mixture was centrifuged to remove some of the excess of the fusion protein and the supernatant was further purified by gel filtration chromatography (Sephadex G25, 95% H<sub>2</sub>O, 5% *n*BuOH) to afford the target sialoside.

**Pentaerythritol-*tetrakis*[(5-acetamido-3,5-dideoxy- $\alpha$ -D-glycero-D-galacto-2-nonulopyranosylonic acid)-(2 $\rightarrow$ 3)- $\beta$ -D-galactopyranosyl-(1 $\rightarrow$ 4)- $\beta$ -D-thioglucopyranosyl)-3-propyl] tetraether (5).** <sup>1</sup>H NMR (D<sub>2</sub>O, 500 MHz):  $\delta$  1.66 (t, 4H,  $J_{3\text{eqc},3\text{axc}} = 12.1$  Hz, H-3<sub>axc</sub>), 1.80 (t, 8H,  $J = 6.5$  Hz, 4 $\times$ SCH<sub>2</sub>), 2.60–2.70 (m, 24 H, 4 $\times$ SCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, 4 $\times$ NHCOCH<sub>3</sub>, and 4 $\times$ H-3<sub>eqc</sub>), 3.29–3.70 (band of m, 80 H, 8 $\times$ OCH<sub>2</sub>, H-2a, H-3a, H-4a, H-5a, H-6a, H-6a', H-2b, H-5b, H-6b, H-6b', H-5c, H-6c, H-7c, H-8c, H-9c, H-9c'), 3.81 (d, 4H,  $J_{4c,3c} = 2.7$  Hz, H-4c), 3.92 (d, 4H,  $J = 3.0$  Hz, H-4b), 3.96 (dd, 4H,  $J = 10.0$  Hz, H-3b), 4.32 (d, 4H,  $J = 8.1$  Hz, H-1a), 4.39 (d, 4H,  $J = 7.7$  Hz, H-1b); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (D<sub>2</sub>O, 125 MHz):  $\delta$  21.9, 26.6, 29.0, 39.4, 51.5, 60.1, 60.9, 62.4, 67.3, 67.9, 68.2, 68.9, 69.2, 69.4, 69.7, 71.6, 71.9, 72.7, 75.0, 75.3, 75.6, 77.9, 78.5, 85.2, 99.7, 102.4, 173.8, 174.8. MALDI-FTMS  $m/z$  Calcd for C<sub>109</sub>H<sub>184</sub>N<sub>4</sub>O<sub>76</sub>S<sub>4</sub>Na [M + Na]<sup>+</sup> 2917.0215. Found 2917.0215.

**Bis-[(5-acetamido-3,5-dideoxy- $\alpha$ -D-glycero-D-galacto-2-nonulopyranosylonic acid)-(2 $\rightarrow$ 3)- $\beta$ -D-galactopyranosyl-(1 $\rightarrow$ 4)- $\beta$ -D-thioglucopyranosyl-3-propyl]-6,6'- $\beta$ -maltosyl-(1 $\rightarrow$ 6)-1,2:3,4-di-*O*-isopropylidene- $\alpha$ -D-galactopyranose (7).** Selected <sup>1</sup>H NMR (D<sub>2</sub>O, 500 MHz) data:  $\delta$  1.27, 1.35, 1.45, 1.46 (4s, 12H, 2 $\times$ CMe<sub>2</sub>), 1.66 (t, 2H,  $J = 12.0$  Hz, H-3<sub>axf</sub>, H-3<sub>axi</sub>), 1.82 (m, 4H, 2 $\times$ SCH<sub>2</sub>), 1.89 (s, 6H, 2 $\times$ NHCOCH<sub>3</sub>), 2.62 (m, 6H, H-3<sub>eqf</sub>, H-3<sub>eqi</sub>, 2 $\times$ SCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.23 (m, 3H, H-2b, H-2d, H-2g), 3.33 (m, 1H, 4b), 3.90 (m, 2H, H-4e, H-4h), 3.92 (m, 2H, H-3e, H-3a), 4.40 (m,

5H, H-1b, H-1d, H-1e, H-1g, H-1h), 5.19 (d, 1H,  $J_{1c,2c} = 3.7$ , H-1c), 5.54 (d, 1H,  $J_{1a,2a} = 4.9$ , H-1a);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR ( $\text{D}_2\text{O}$ , 125 MHz):  $\delta$  21.9, 23.1, 24.7, 24.8, 39.5, 51.5, 60.9, 62.4, 67.3, 67.9, 68.2, 69.2, 69.3, 69.4, 69.7, 69.8, 71.6, 71.9, 72.7, 75.0, 75.3, 75.6, 78.5, 85.3, 95.6, 99.6, 102.5, 109.8, 109.9, 173.7, 174.8. MALDI-FTMS  $m/z$  Calcd for  $\text{C}_{76}\text{H}_{126}\text{N}_2\text{NaO}_{52}\text{S}_2$   $[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$  1986.1662. Found 1986.1661.

**Bis-[(5-acetamido-3,5-dideoxy- $\alpha$ -D-glycero-D-galacto-2-nonulopyranosylonic acid)-(2 $\rightarrow$ 3)- $\beta$ -D-galactopyranosyl-(1 $\rightarrow$ 4)- $\beta$ -D-thioglucopyranosyl-3-propyl]-6,6'- $\beta$ -maltosyl-(1 $\rightarrow$ 6)-D-galactose (9).** Selected  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{D}_2\text{O}$ , 500 MHz) data:  $\delta$  1.66 (t, 2H,  $J = 12.0$  Hz, H-3<sub>ax</sub>f, H-3<sub>ax</sub>i), 1.82 (m, 4H,  $2 \times \text{SCH}_2\text{CH}_2$ ), 1.89 (s, 6H,  $2 \times \text{NHCOCH}_3$ ), 2.62 (m, 6H, H-3<sub>eq</sub>f, H-3<sub>eq</sub>i,  $2 \times \text{SCH}_2$ ), 3.23 (m, 3H, H-2b, H-2d, H-2g), 3.63 (m, 2H, H-4f, H-4i), 3.90 (m, 2H, H-4e, H-4h), 3.92 (m, 2H, H-3e, H-3f), 4.40 (m, 5H, H-1b, H-1d, H-1e, H-1g, H-1h), 5.19 (d, 1H,  $J_{1f,2f} = 3.7$ , H-1f);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR ( $\text{D}_2\text{O}$ , 125 MHz):  $\delta$  13.9, 21.9, 26.6, 29.1, 29.5, 31.5, 31.6, 31.9, 37.5, 39.5, 51.5, 56.7, 60.1, 60.9, 62.4, 67.3, 67.9, 68.2, 69.1, 69.2, 69.3, 69.4, 69.6, 69.7, 71.6, 71.09, 72.7, 73.6, 75.0, 75.3, 75.6, 77.9, 78.5, 85.2, 92.2, 96.3, 99.8, 102.3, 102.4, 102.7, 113.7, 126.6, 173.7, 174.8. MALDI-FTMS  $m/z$  Calcd for  $\text{C}_{70}\text{H}_{118}\text{N}_2\text{NaO}_{52}\text{S}_2$   $[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$  1906.9993. Found 1907.0001.

**$\beta$ -D-Galactopyranosyl-(1 $\rightarrow$ 4)- $\beta$ -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 $\rightarrow$ 6)-1,2:3,4-di-O-isopropylidene- $\alpha$ -D-galactopyranose (11).** A solution of **10** (21.8 g, 24.8 mmol) and NaOMe (1.5 mL, 0.5 M in MeOH, 0.75 mmol) in MeOH (150 mL) was stirred for 6 h at room temperature. The solution was neutralized with Amberlite IR-120 ( $\text{H}^+$  form) ion exchange resin, filtered and concentrated to afford **11** (12.02 g, 83%) as a foam.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{CD}_3\text{OD}$ , 500 MHz):  $\delta$  1.29–1.49 (4s, 12H,  $2 \times \text{CMe}_2$ ), 3.24 (dd,  $J_{2b,1b} = 7.8$  Hz,  $J_{2b,3b} = 8.35$  Hz, 1H, H-2b), 3.40 (ddd,  $J_{5b,6b'} = 2.3$  Hz,  $J_{5b,6b} = 4.4$  Hz,  $J_{5b,4b} = 9.8$  Hz, 1H, H-5b), 3.47 (t, 1H, H-4b), 3.48–3.60 (m, 4H, H-2c, H-3c, H-5c, H-3b), 3.62 (m, 1H, H-6a), 3.67 (dd,  $J_{6c,5c} = 4.6$  Hz,  $J_{6c,6c'} = 11.4$  Hz, 1H, H-6c), 3.74 (dd,  $J_{6c',5c} = 7.5$

Hz, 1H, H-6c'), 3.78–3.81 (m, 1H, H-4c), 3.80 (dd,  $J_{6b,6b'} = 12.2$  Hz, 1H, H-6b), 3.88 (dd, 1H, H-6b'), 3.98–4.03 (m, 2H, H-5a, H-6a'), 4.28 (dd,  $J_{4a,5a} = 1.3$  Hz,  $J_{4a,3a} = 7.9$  Hz, 1H, H-4a), 4.30 (d,  $J_{1b,2b} = 7.8$  Hz, 1H, H-1b), 4.31 (d,  $J_{1c,2c} = 7.4$  Hz, 1H, H-1c), 4.33 (dd,  $J_{2a,3a} = 2.3$  Hz,  $J_{2a,1a} = 5.0$  Hz, 1H, H-2a), 4.60 (dd, 1H, H-3a), 5.48 (d, 1H, H-1a);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR ( $\text{CD}_3\text{OD}$ , 125 MHz):  $\delta$  24.5, 25.1, 26.3 (2C), 61.9, 62.4, 68.8, 69.8, 70.2, 71.8, 71.85, 72.35, 72.4, 74.5, 74.7, 76.0, 76.4, 77.0, 80.6, 97.6, 104.5, 105.0, 110.0, 110.4. FAB-MS  $m/z$  607.46  $[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$ , 585.49  $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ , 569.42  $[\text{M} - \text{CH}_3]^+$ . HRFAB-MS  $m/z$ : Calcd for  $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{41}\text{O}_{16}$   $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$  585.2395. Found 585.2386.

**2,3,4,6-Tetra-*O*-acetyl- $\beta$ -D-galactopyranosyl-(1 $\rightarrow$ 4)-2,3,6-tri-*O*-acetyl- $\beta$ -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 $\rightarrow$ 6)-1,2,3,4-tetra-*O*-acetyl-D-galactopyranose (12).** Diacetone 11 (11.16 g, 19.11 mmol) was dissolved in TFA/ $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  (100 mL, 9:1) and stirred at room temperature for 1 h. The solution was concentrated then co-evaporated with MeOH (200 mL). The resulting foam was dissolved in  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  (50 mL) and freeze dried. The crude product was then dissolved in  $\text{C}_5\text{H}_5\text{N}$  (50 mL) before adding DMAP (50 mg) and acetic anhydride (25 mL). Reaction was stirred at room temperature for 16 h before being poured into 1 M HCl (500 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$  (3 $\times$ 500 mL). The organic layer was then washed with satd. aq.  $\text{NaHCO}_3$  (2 $\times$ 500 mL). The organic layer was dried ( $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ ), filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. Column chromatography ( $\text{SiO}_2$ ,  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$  to  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2/\text{EtOAc}$ , 1:1) gave 12 (15.15 g, 50%) as a white foam.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ , 500 MHz):  $\delta$  1.92–2.16 (m, 33H, 11 $\times$ COMe), 3.25–3.50 (m, 2H, H-6a, H-5b or H-5c), 3.67–3.72 (m, 1H, H-6a'), 3.73–3.79 (m, 1H, H-5b or H-5c), 3.85 (m, 1H, H-4b), 3.97 (m, 0.6H, H-5a $\beta$ ), 4.00–4.14 (m, 3H, H-6b, H-6c, H-6c'), 4.22 (m, 0.4H, H-5a $\alpha$ ), 4.41–4.49 (m, 3H, H-1b, H-1c, H-6b'), 4.79–4.84 (m, 1H, H-2b), 4.90–4.96 (m, 1H, H-3c), 5.02–5.18 (m, 3H, H-4a, H-2c, H-3b), 5.25–5.30 (m, 1H, H-2a), 5.32 (m, 1H, H-4c), 5.38 (m, 0.6H, H-3a $\beta$ ), 5.46 (m, 0.4H, H-3a $\alpha$ ), 5.66 (d,  $J_{1a,2a} = 2.41$  Hz, 0.6H, H-1a $\beta$ ), 6.32 (d,  $J_{1a,2a} = 8.33$

Hz, 0.4H, H-1a $\alpha$ );  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ , 125 MHz):  $\delta$  20.6–21.0 (11C), 60.9, 61.9, 66.2, 66.7, 67.0 + 67.6 (1C), 67.1 + 67.8 (1C), 69.2, 69.9 + 72.83 (1C), 70.8, 71.03 + 72.79 (1C), 71.08, 71.37 + 71.42 (1C), 72.71, 72.74, 76.1, 89.7 + 92.2 (1C), 101.0, 101.1, 169.1–170.5 (11C). FAB-MS  $m/z$  989.12  $[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$ . HRFAB-MS  $m/z$  Calcd for  $\text{C}_{40}\text{H}_{54}\text{NaO}_{27}$   $[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$  989.2750. Found 989.2748.

**$\beta$ -D-Galactopyranosyl-(1 $\rightarrow$ 4)- $\beta$ -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 $\rightarrow$ 6)-D-galactopyranose (13).** A solution of 12 (11.0 g, 11.39 mmol) and NaOMe (5 mL, 0.5 M in MeOH) in MeOH (150 mL) was stirred for 3 h at room temperature. Formation of a pale yellow solid was observed. The reaction mixture was then filtered and the filtrate evaporated, affording more solid which was filtered and washed with MeOH. After three recovery operations from the filtrate, 13 (4.235 g, 74%) was obtained as a pale yellow powder.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{D}_2\text{O}$ , 500 MHz):  $\delta$  3.20–4.15 (m, 12H, H-2, H-3, H-4, H-5, H-6, H-6'), 4.33–4.48 (m, 2.67H, H-1a $\beta$ , H-1b, H-1c), 5.15 (d,  $J_{1a,2a} = 3.8$  Hz, 0.33H, H-1a $\alpha$ );  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR ( $\text{D}_2\text{O}$ , 125 MHz):  $\delta$  59.8, 60.8 (2C), 68.0–78.2 (12C), 69.3, 92.3 + 96.5 + 102.7 (1C), 102.2. ES-MS  $m/z$  1031.3  $[2\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$ , 527.0  $[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$ , 505.1  $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ . HRMALDI-MS  $m/z$  Calcd for  $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{32}\text{NaO}_{16}$   $[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$  527.1588. Found 527.1591.

**(5-Acetamido-3,5-dideoxy- $\alpha$ -D-glycero-D-galacto-2-nonulopyranosylonic acid)-(2 $\rightarrow$ 3)- $\beta$ -D-galactopyranosyl-(1 $\rightarrow$ 4)- $\beta$ -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 $\rightarrow$ 6)-D-galactopyranose (14).**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{D}_2\text{O}$ , 500 MHz):  $\delta$  1.65 (t,  $J_{3axd, 3eqd} = 12.0$  Hz, 1H, H-3 $_{axd}$ ), 1.88 (s, 3H,  $\text{NHCOCH}_3$ ), 2.60 (dd,  $J_{3eqd, 4d} = 4.1$  Hz,  $J_{3eqd, 3exd} = 12.0$  Hz, 1H, H-3 $_{eqd}$ ), 3.20 (br t, 1H, H-2b), 3.45–3.93 (m, 22H, H-2a, H-3a, H-4a, H-5a, H-6a, H-6a', H-3b, H-4b, H-5b, H-6b, H-6b', H-2c, H-5c, H-6c, H-6c', H-4d, H-5d, H-6d, H-7d, H-8d, H-9d, H-9d'), 3.95 (d,  $J_{4c, 3c} = 3.3$  Hz, 1H, H-4c), 4.15 (br s, 1H, H-3c), 4.38 (br s, 1H, H-1b), 4.44 (br s, 1H, H-1c), 5.15 (br s, 1H, H-1a);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR ( $\text{D}_2\text{O}$ , 125 MHz):  $\delta$  21.9, 22.0, 39.2, 39.4, 51.5, 52.1, 60.9, 62.4, 67.9, 68.6, 69.1, 69.4, 71.6, 72.4, 72.6, 72.7, 73.6,

74.0, 74.6, 75.0, 75.3, 78.0, 92.1 + 102.2 (1C), 96.2, 99.6, 102.3, 102.5, 173.7, 174.8. MALDI-FTMS  $m/z$  Calcd for  $C_{29}H_{49}NaO_{24}$   $[M + Na]^+$  818.2537. Found 818.2537. HRESI  $m/z$  Calcd for  $C_{29}H_{48}O_{24}$   $[M - H]^-$  794.2566. Found 794.2590.

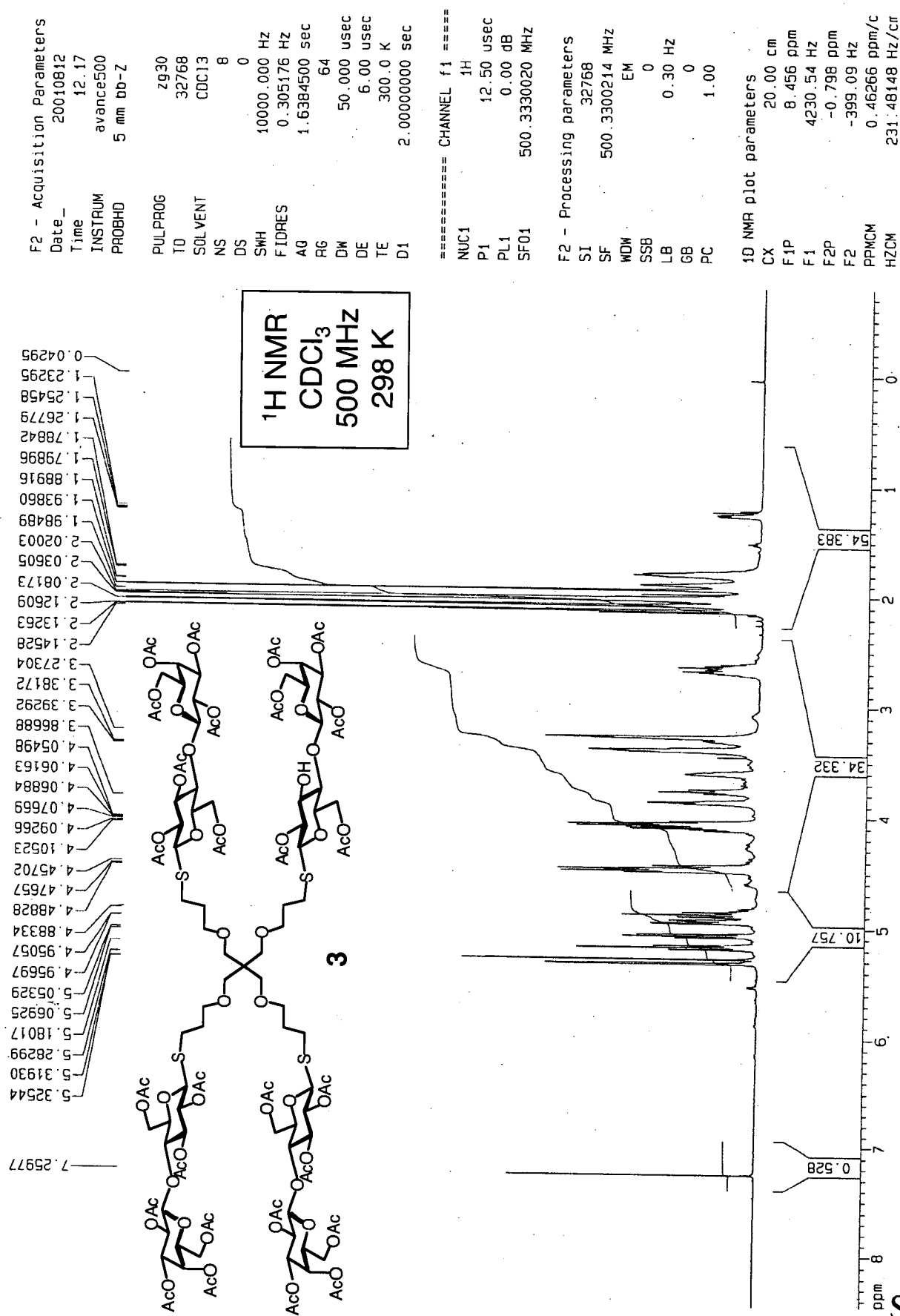
**Bis- $[\beta$ -lactosyl-(1 $\rightarrow$ 6)-D-galactit-1-yl]-6,6'-dideoxy-6,6'-dimethylamino- $\beta$ -cellobiosyl-(1 $\rightarrow$ 6)-1,2:3,4-di-*O*-isopropylidene- $\alpha$ -D-galactopyranose (16).** Acetic acid (28  $\mu$ L, 570  $\mu$ mol) was added to a solution of the reducing sugar **13** (430 mg, 850  $\mu$ mol), the *bis*-methylamino monomer **15** (200 mg, 320  $\mu$ mol) and sodium cyanoborohydride (131 mg, 2.1 mmol) in MeOH (20 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred and heated under reflux for 6 h. The mixture was allowed to cool to room temperature, concentrated, and redissolved in H<sub>2</sub>O (3 mL) and purified by preparative reverse-phase chromatography (15 g C-18 reverse-phase, MeOH/H<sub>2</sub>O, 0:100 to 100:0) to afford pure **16** (254 mg, 50%). Selected <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CD<sub>3</sub>OD, 500 MHz) data:  $\delta$  1.41, 1.42, 1.49, 1.62 (4s, 12H, 2 $\times$ CMe<sub>2</sub>), 2.78 (br s, 3H, NMe), 2.92 (br s, 3H, NMe), 3.08 (m, 2H, H-4e, H-4i), 4.01 (m, 1H, H-2a), 4.14–4.31 (m, 6H, H-1b, H-1c, H-1e, H-1f, H-1h, H-1i), 4.60 (dd,  $J_{3a,2a} = 2.2$  Hz,  $J_{3a,4a} = 7.9$  Hz, 1H, H-3a), 5.51 (d,  $J_{1a,2a} = 4.9$  Hz, 1H, H-1a); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (D<sub>2</sub>O, 125 MHz):  $\delta$  23.0, 23.8, 24.6, 24.8, 43.5 (2C), 58.4 (6C), 59.8, 60.8 (2C), 67.4, 68.3, 69.3, 69.7, 70.3, 70.4, 70.7, 70.9, 71.7, 72.3, 72.6, 72.9, 74.1, 75.2, 78.2 (3C), 95.6, 102.0, 102.4, 102.8, 109.8, 109.9, 115.0. ESMS  $m/z$  1588.8  $[M + H]^+$ , 794.7  $[M + 2H]^{+2}$ .

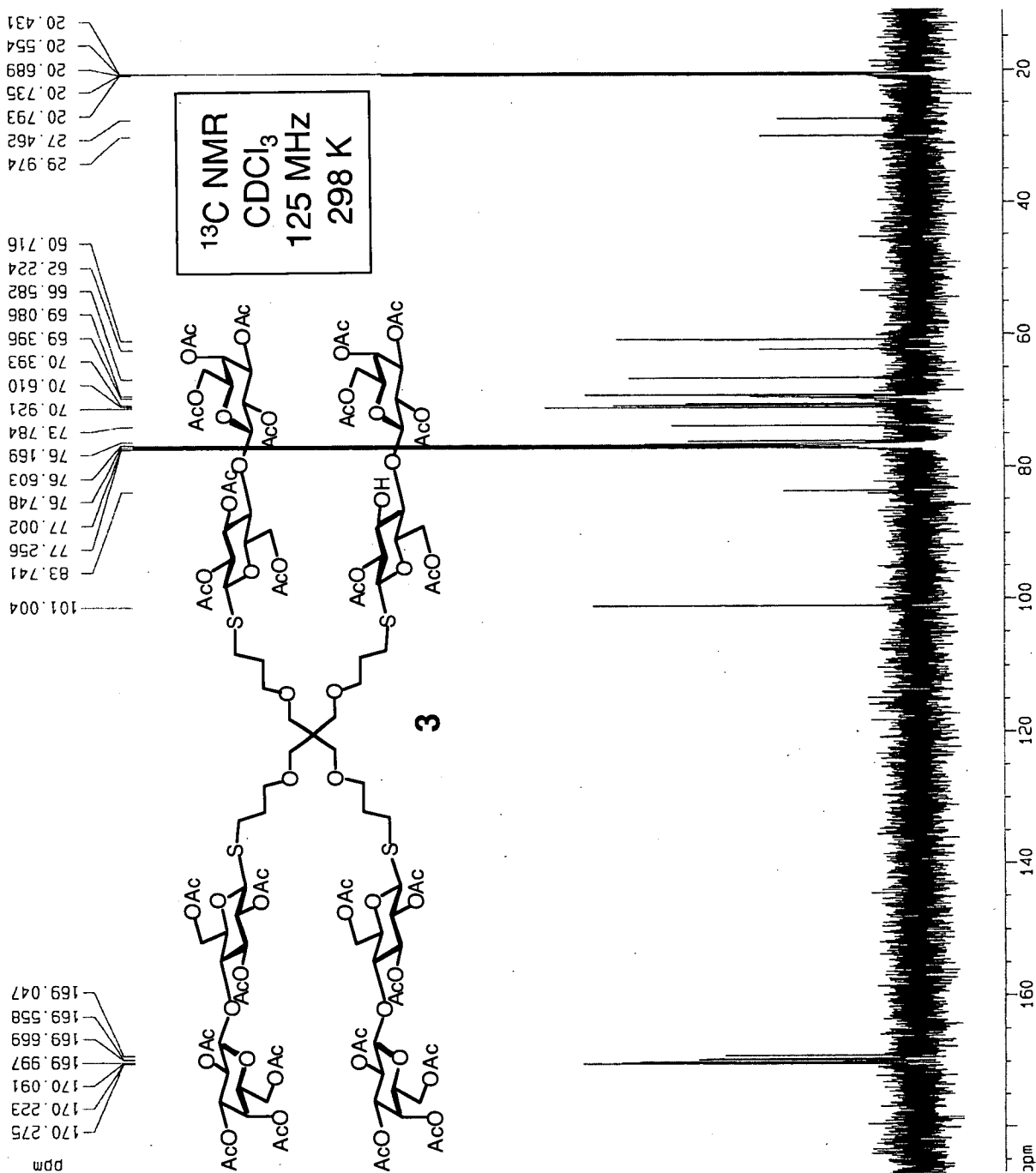
**Bis-[(5-acetamido-3,5-dideoxy- $\alpha$ -D-glycero-D-galacto-2-nonulopyranosylonic acid)-(2 $\rightarrow$ 3)- $\beta$ -D-galactopyranosyl-(1 $\rightarrow$ 4)- $\beta$ -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 $\rightarrow$ 6)-D-galactit-1-yl]-6,6'-dideoxy-6,6'-dimethylamino- $\beta$ -cellobiosyl-(1 $\rightarrow$ 6)-1,2:3,4-di-*O*-isopropylidene- $\alpha$ -D-galactopyranose (17).** Selected <sup>1</sup>H NMR (D<sub>2</sub>O, 500 MHz) data:  $\delta$  1.25, 1.33, 1.44, 1.46 (4s, 12 H, 2 $\times$ CMe<sub>2</sub>), 1.66 (d,  $J = 12.0$  Hz, 2H, H-3<sub>axg</sub>, H-3<sub>axk</sub>), 2.60 (d,  $J = 12.0$  Hz, 2H, H-3<sub>eqg</sub>, H-3<sub>eqk</sub>), 2.52–2.82 (m, 8H, H-3<sub>eqg</sub>, H-3<sub>eqk</sub>, 2 $\times$ NMe), 3.81 (d,  $J = 2.7$  Hz, 2H, H-4g, H-4k), 3.92 (d,  $J = 3.0$  Hz, 2H, H-4f, H-4j),



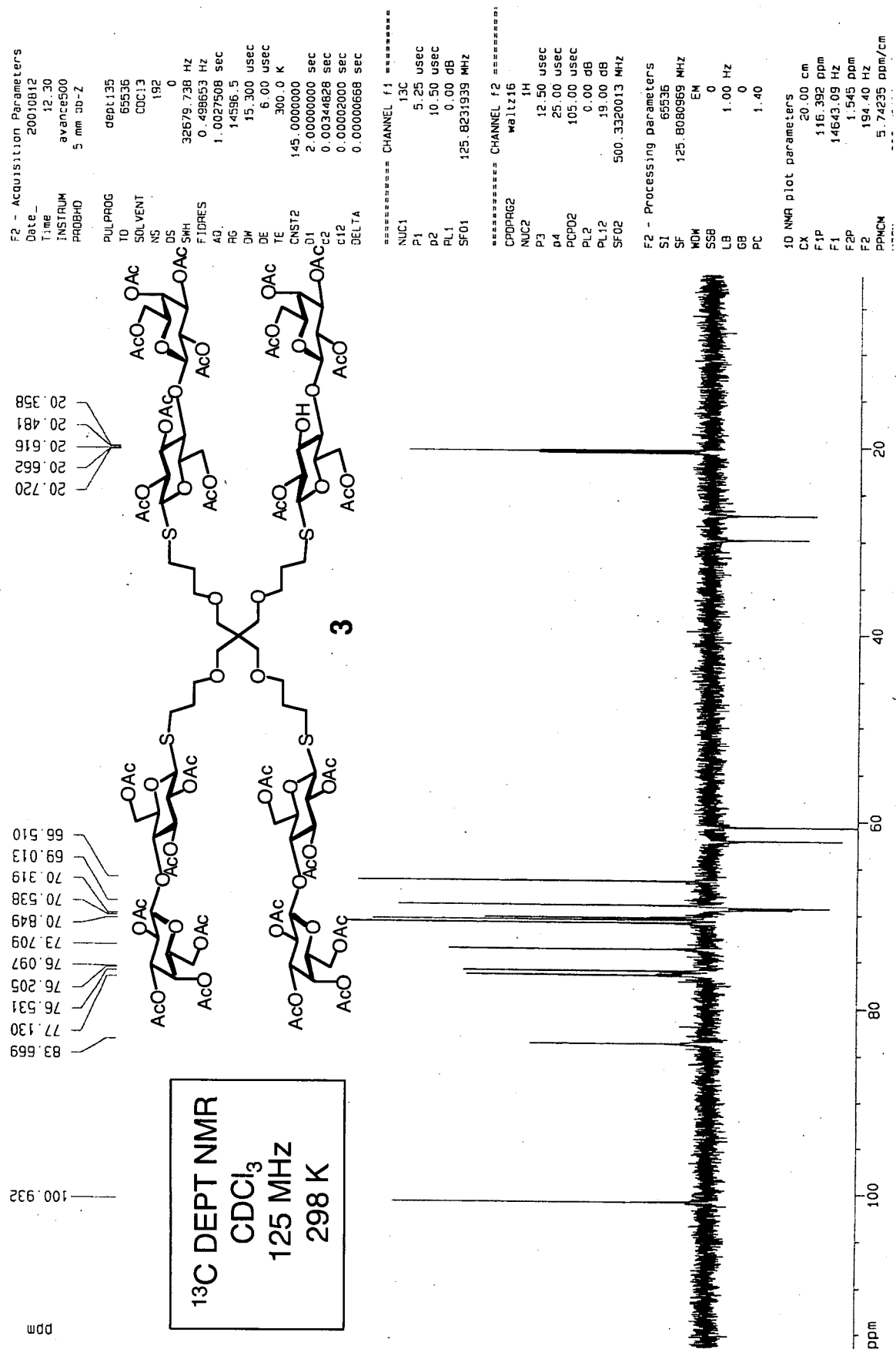
3.96 (d,  $J = 10.0$  Hz, 2H, H-3f, H-3j), 4.41 (m, 6H, H-1b, H-1c, H-1e, H-1f, H-1i, H-1j), 5.53 (d,  $J_{1a,2a} = 4.9$ , 1H, H-1a);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR ( $\text{D}_2\text{O}$ , 125 MHz):  $\delta$  21.9 (2C), 31.6, 39.2, 39.4, 51.5, 52.1, 60.9, 62.4, 63.1, 67.1, 67.3, 67.9, 68.1, 68.4, 69.2, 69.4, 69.5, 70.0, 70.1, 71.6, 72.7, 74.6, 75.0, 75.3, 95.7, 96.2, 99.6, 102.0, 102.4, 102.5, 109.8, 109.9, 113.7, 173.7, 174.8. MALDI-FTMS  $m/z$  Calcd for  $\text{C}_{84}\text{H}_{144}\text{N}_4\text{O}_{60}$   $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$  2171.3433. Found 2171.3433.

**General Method for ELISA.** Protein A (1  $\mu\text{g}/\text{well}$ ) was immobilized on the wells of microtiter plates through incubation at 4  $^\circ\text{C}$  in hydrogen carbonate buffer (100  $\mu\text{L}$ , 50 mM, pH 9.0). ELISA-buffer (200  $\mu\text{L}$ , 20 mM HEPES and 0.5% Bovine Serum Albumin, 125 mM NaCl, pH 7.50) was added and remained for 1 h at room temperature to block the wells. After washing the wells with ELISA-buffer (5 $\times$ 200  $\mu\text{L}$ ), mSiglec-1-Fc (0.25  $\mu\text{g}/\text{well}$ ) that had been treated first with Neuraminidase (*Vibrio cholerae*, 50 mU/mL, 4 mM  $\text{CaCl}_2$ , ELISA-buffer) and then diluted with more ELISA-buffer was added to the wells. After washing the wells with ELISA-buffer (5 $\times$ 200  $\mu\text{L}$ ), the sialosides (50  $\mu\text{L}$ , 5 mM–4 nM) were added to the wells. A solution of sialoside, SA-AP conjugate (50  $\mu\text{L}$ , 1  $\mu\text{g}/\text{well}$ ) and biotinylated sialyllactose probe (0.5  $\mu\text{g}/\text{well}$ ) was added. After 20 min of incubation at room temperature, the wells were washed with ELISA-buffer (5 $\times$ 200  $\mu\text{L}$ ) and developed with *p*-nitrophenyl phosphate (50  $\mu\text{L}/\text{well}$ ). A plate reader was used to read the absorbances of the wells at 405 nm. Wells without mSiglec-1-Fc were used as negative controls and all assays were done in duplicate. To analyze the data, the inhibition curves used to generate  $\text{IC}_{50}$  values were fitted with a non-linear regression.





S11

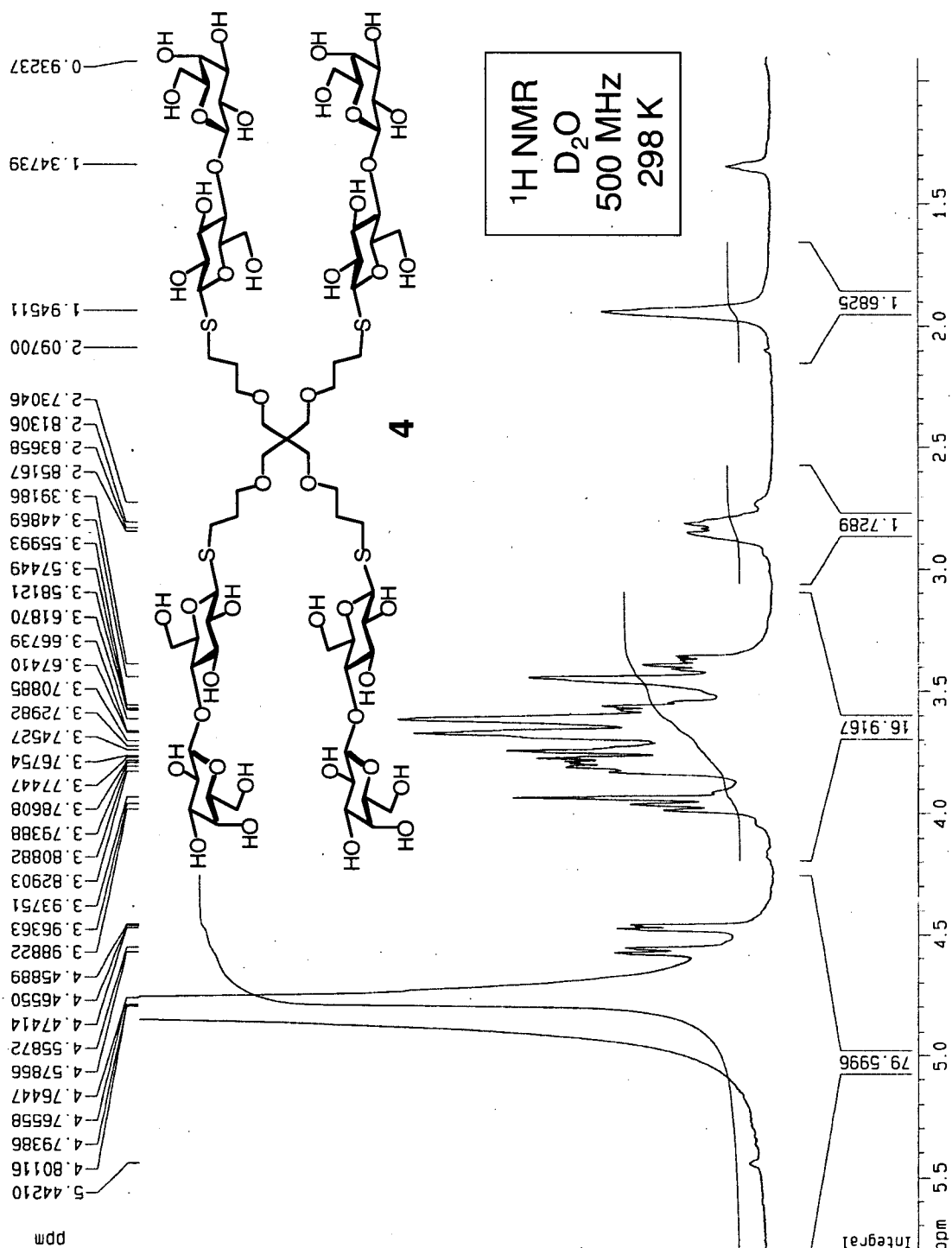


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 PROCNO 1

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 TO 32768  
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 DS 0  
 SWH 10000.000 Hz  
 FIDRES 0.305176 Hz  
 AQ 1.6384500 sec  
 RG 128  
 DW 50.000 use  
 DE 71.43 use  
 TE 300.0 K  
 D1 2.0000000 sec  
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 SF01 500.1330008 MHz  
 NUCLEUS <sup>1</sup>H

F2 - Processing parameters  
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 SSB 0  
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 GB 0  
 PC 1.00

1D NMR plot parameters  
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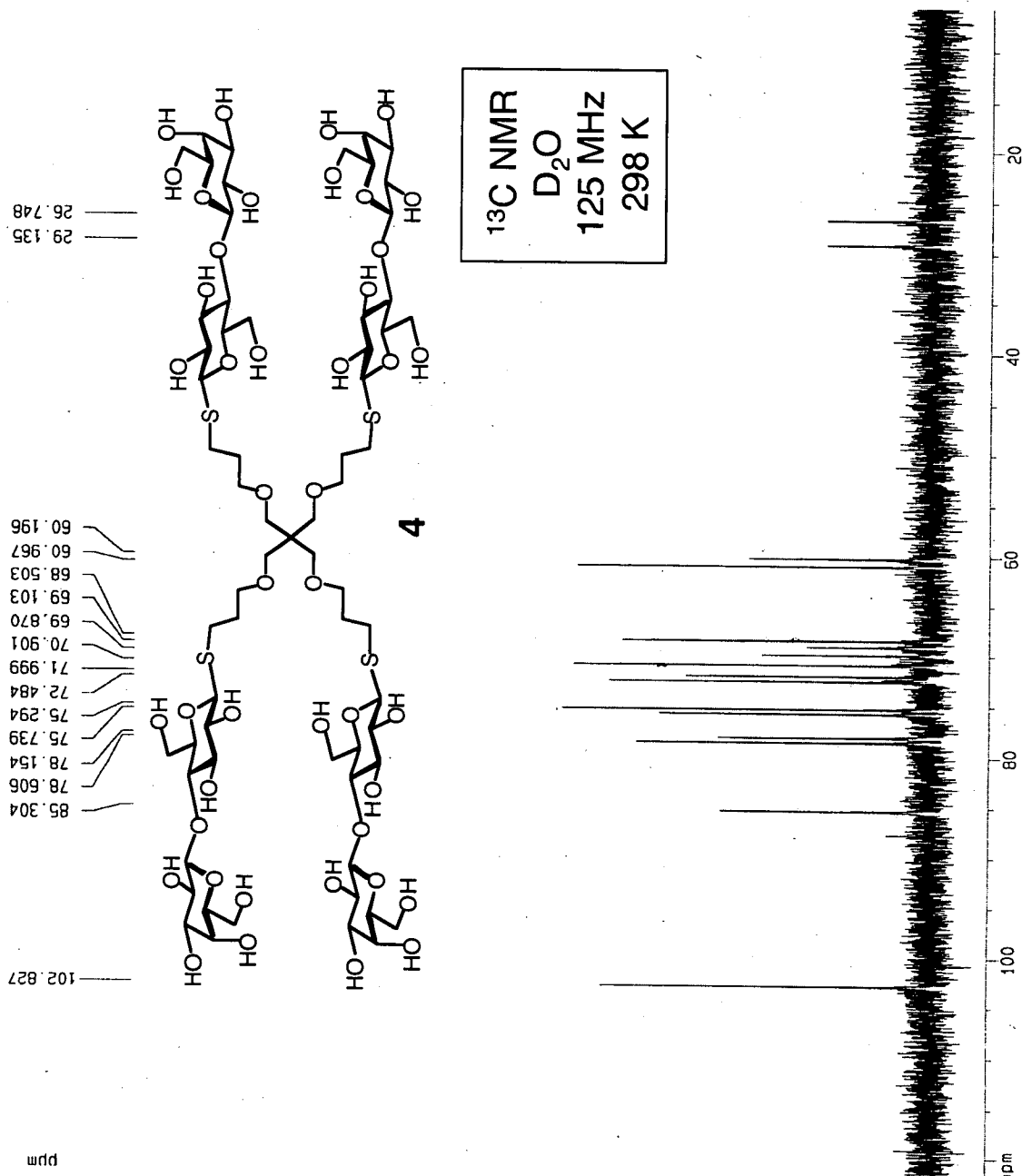


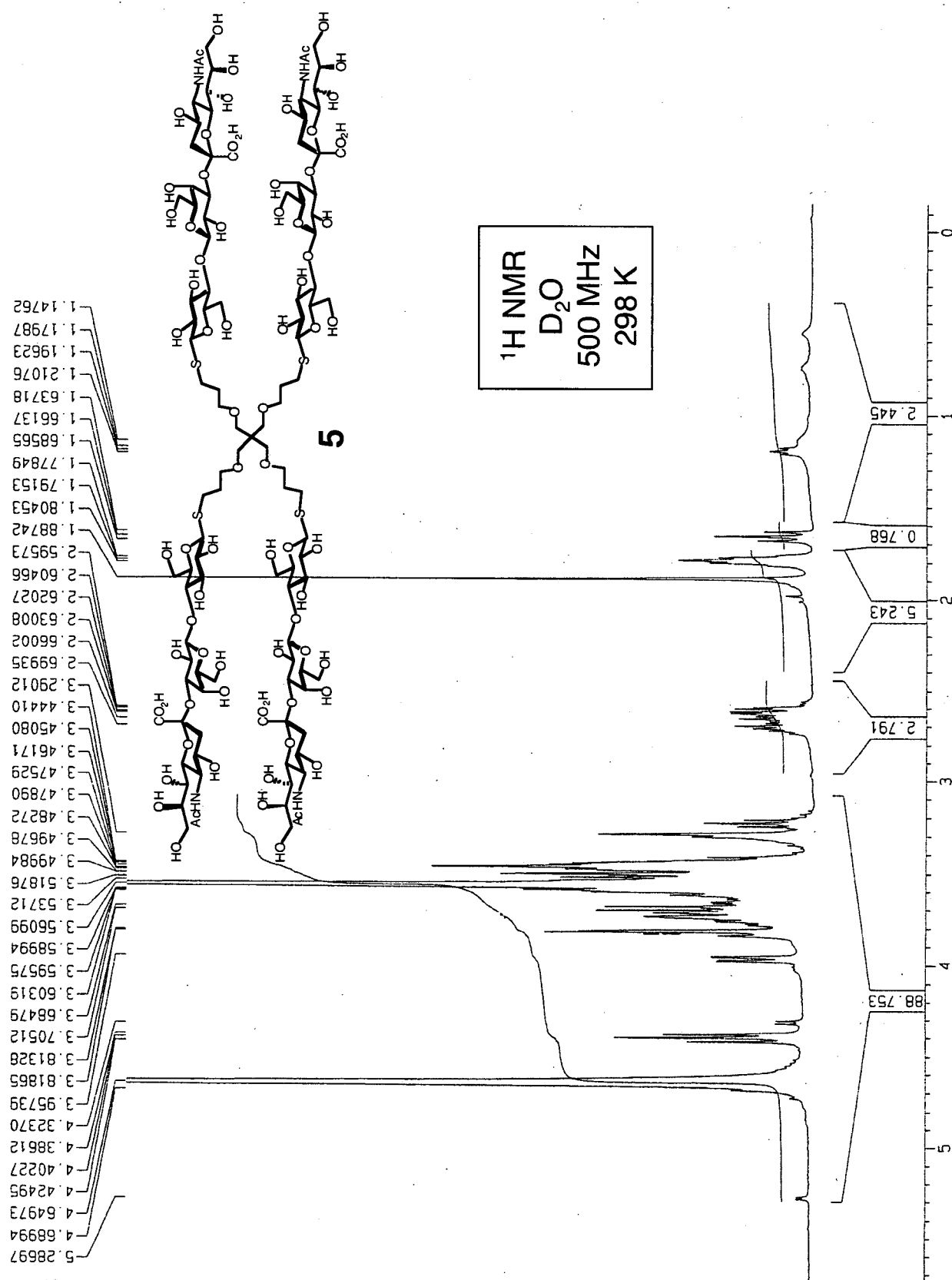
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 PROCNO 1

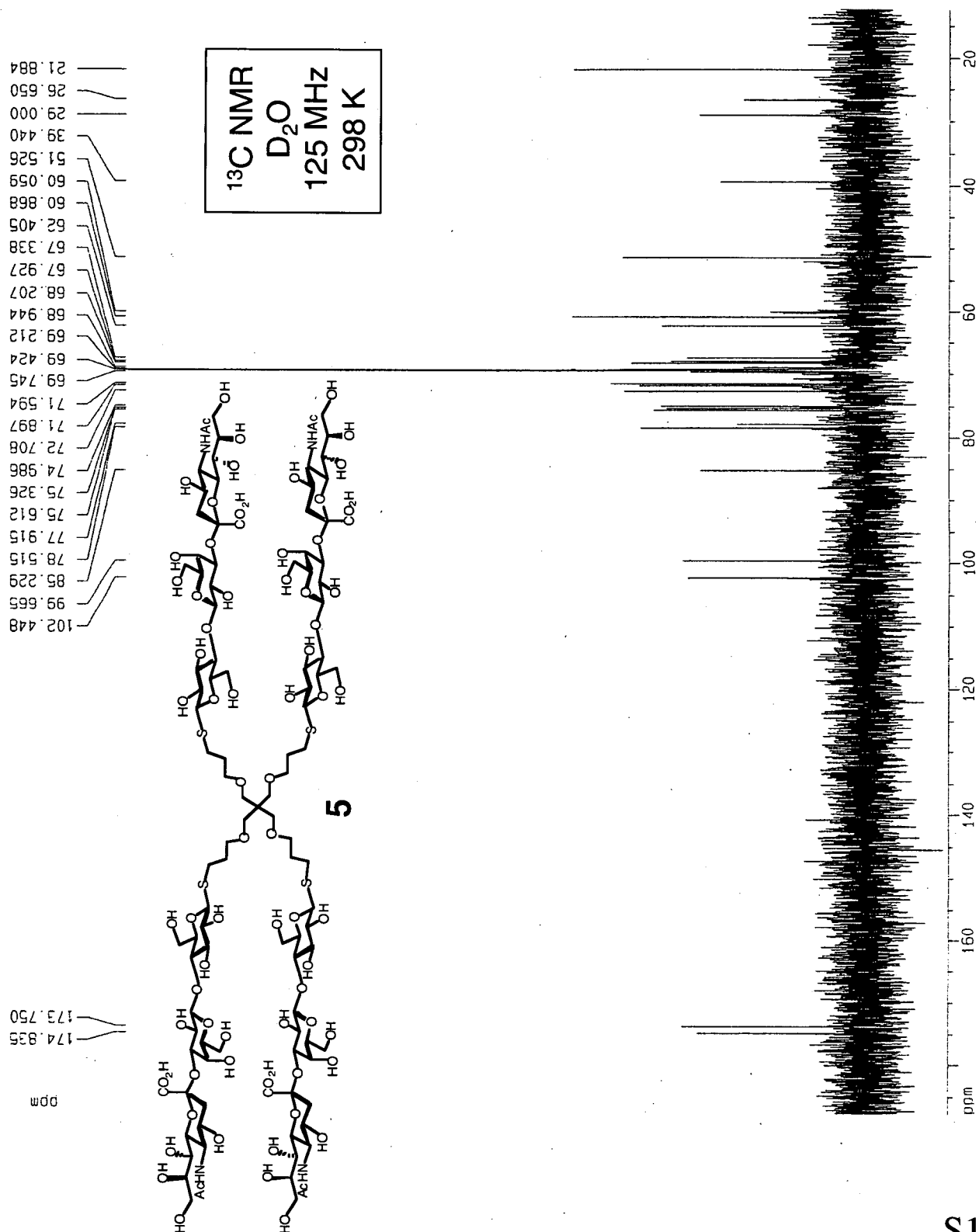
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 DS 0  
 SWH 33333.332 Hz  
 FIDRES 0.508626 Hz  
 AQ 0.9830900 sec  
 RG 45500  
 DW 15.000 usec  
 DE 21.43 usec  
 TE 300.0 K  
 D12 0.0000200 sec  
 DL5 16.00 dB  
 CPDPRG waltz16  
 P31 100.00 usec  
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 P1 7.25 usec  
 SFO1 125.7728999 MHz  
 NUCLEUS <sup>13</sup>C  
 D11 0.0300000 sec

F2 - Processing parameters  
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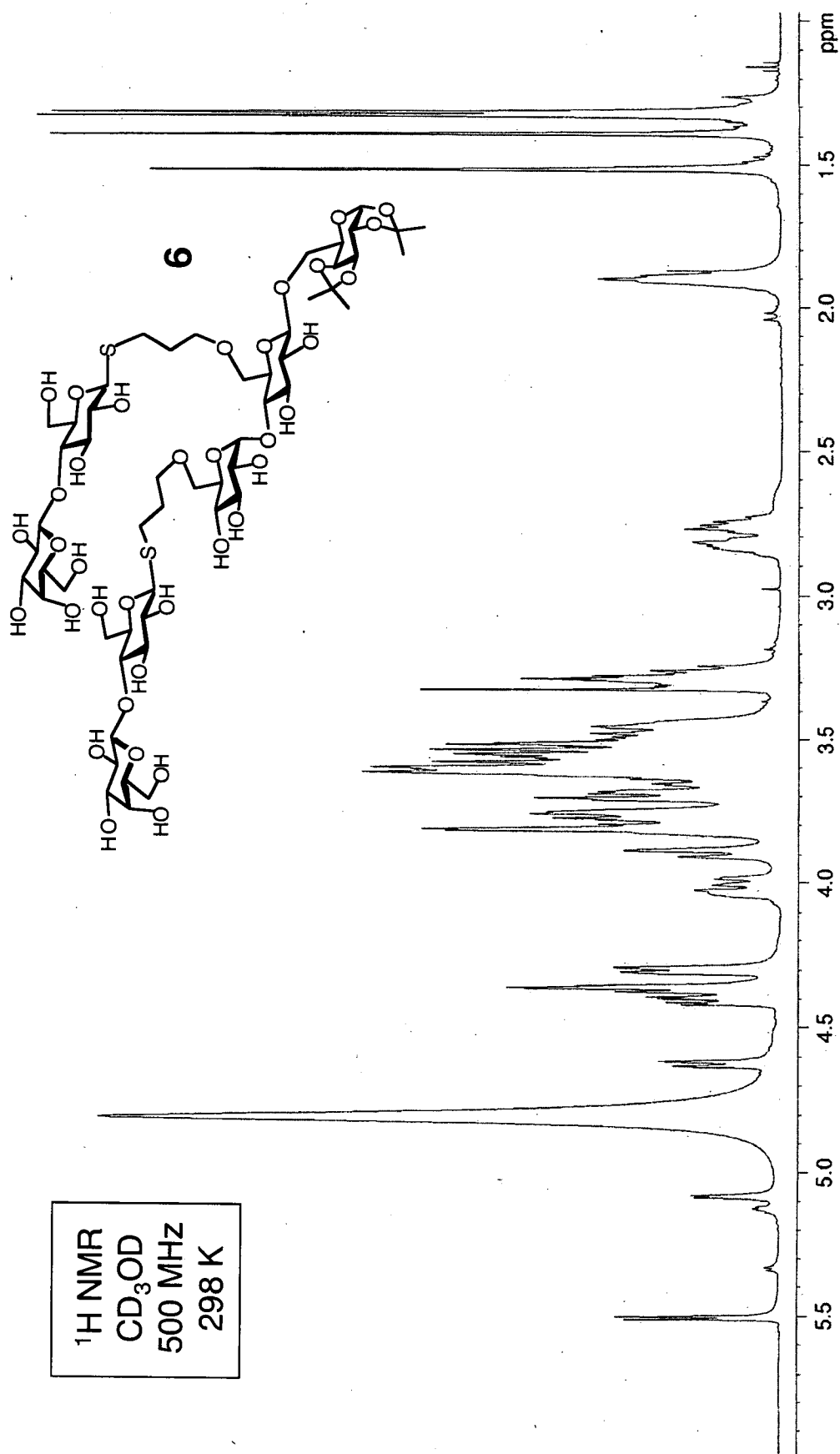
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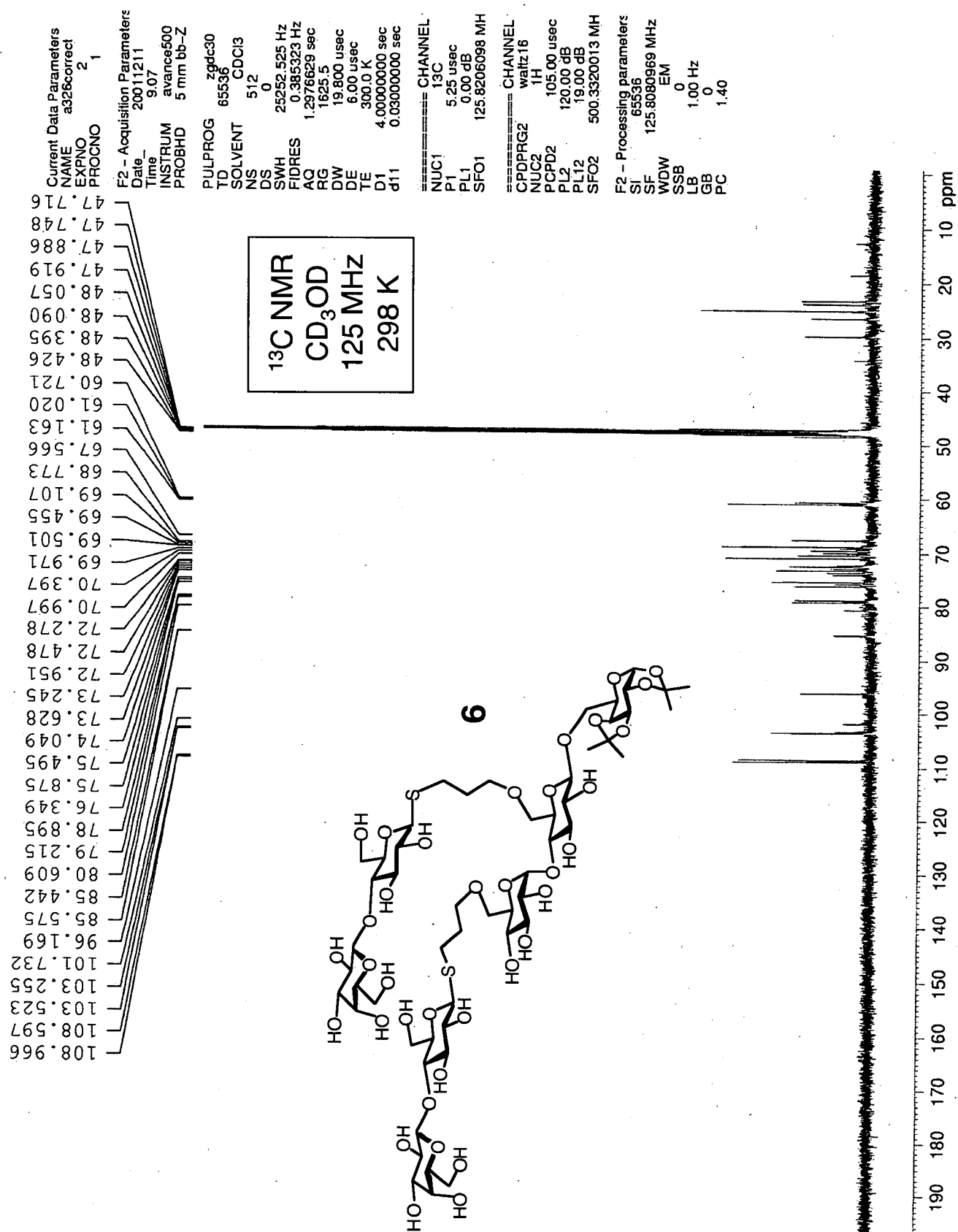


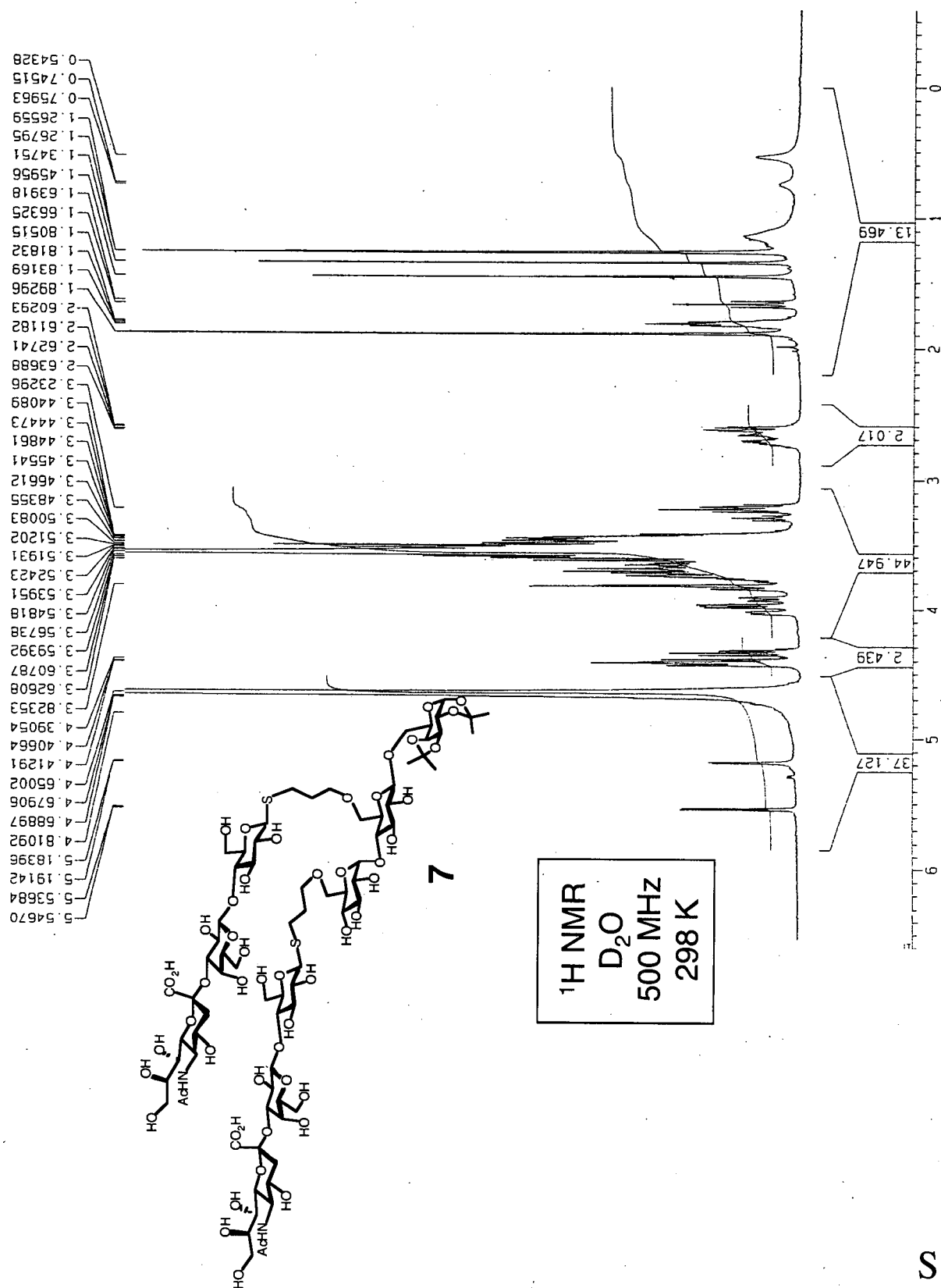


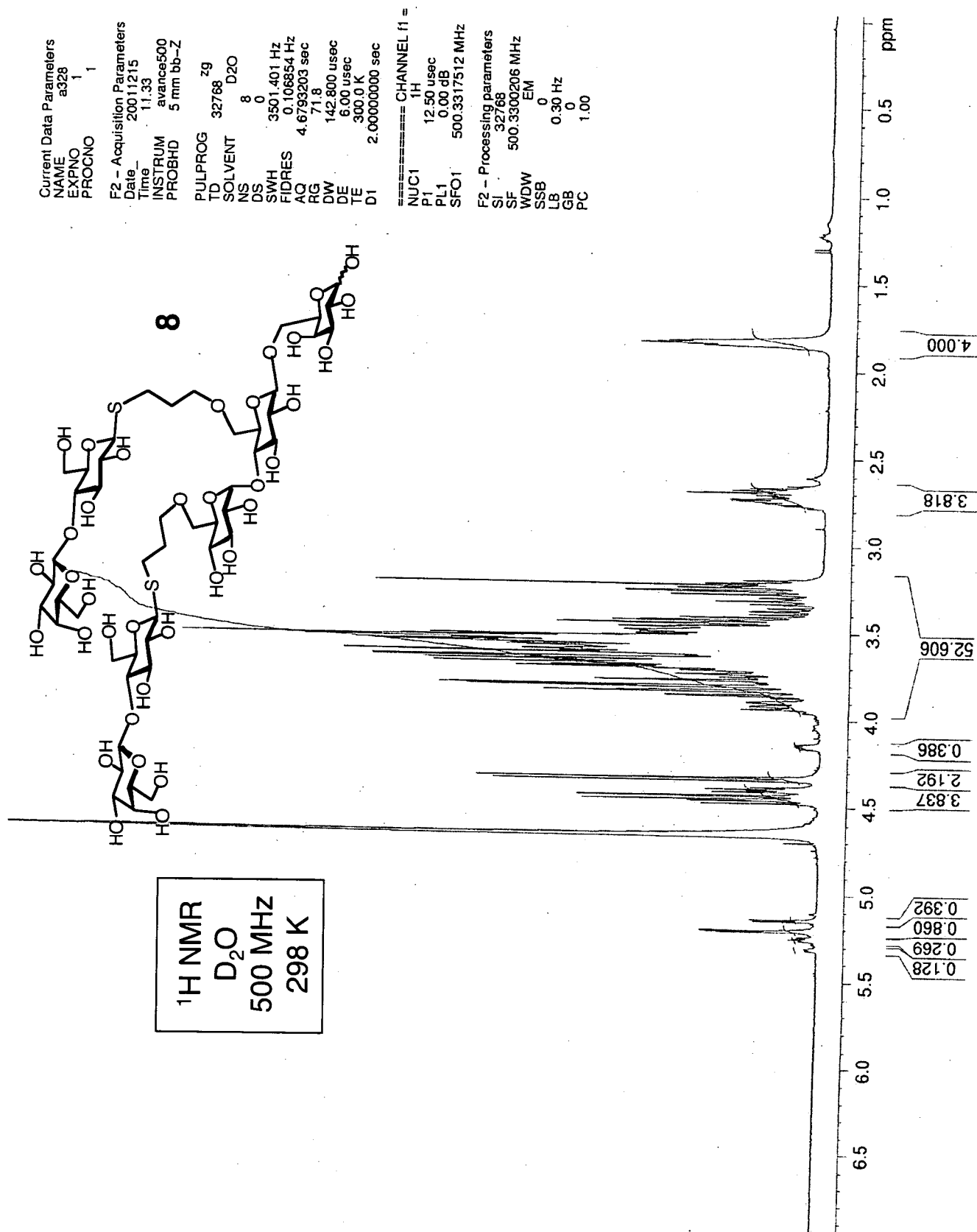


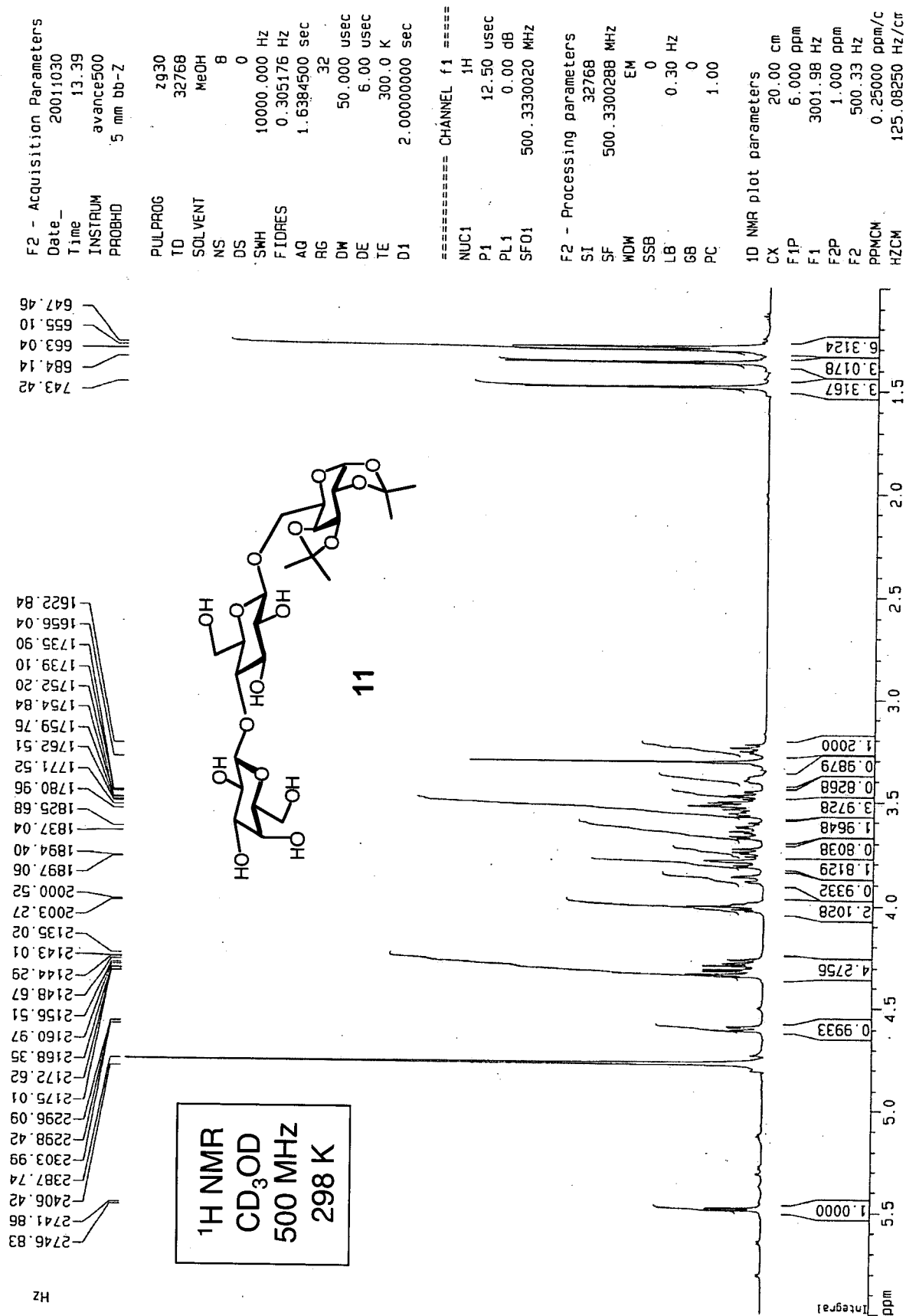


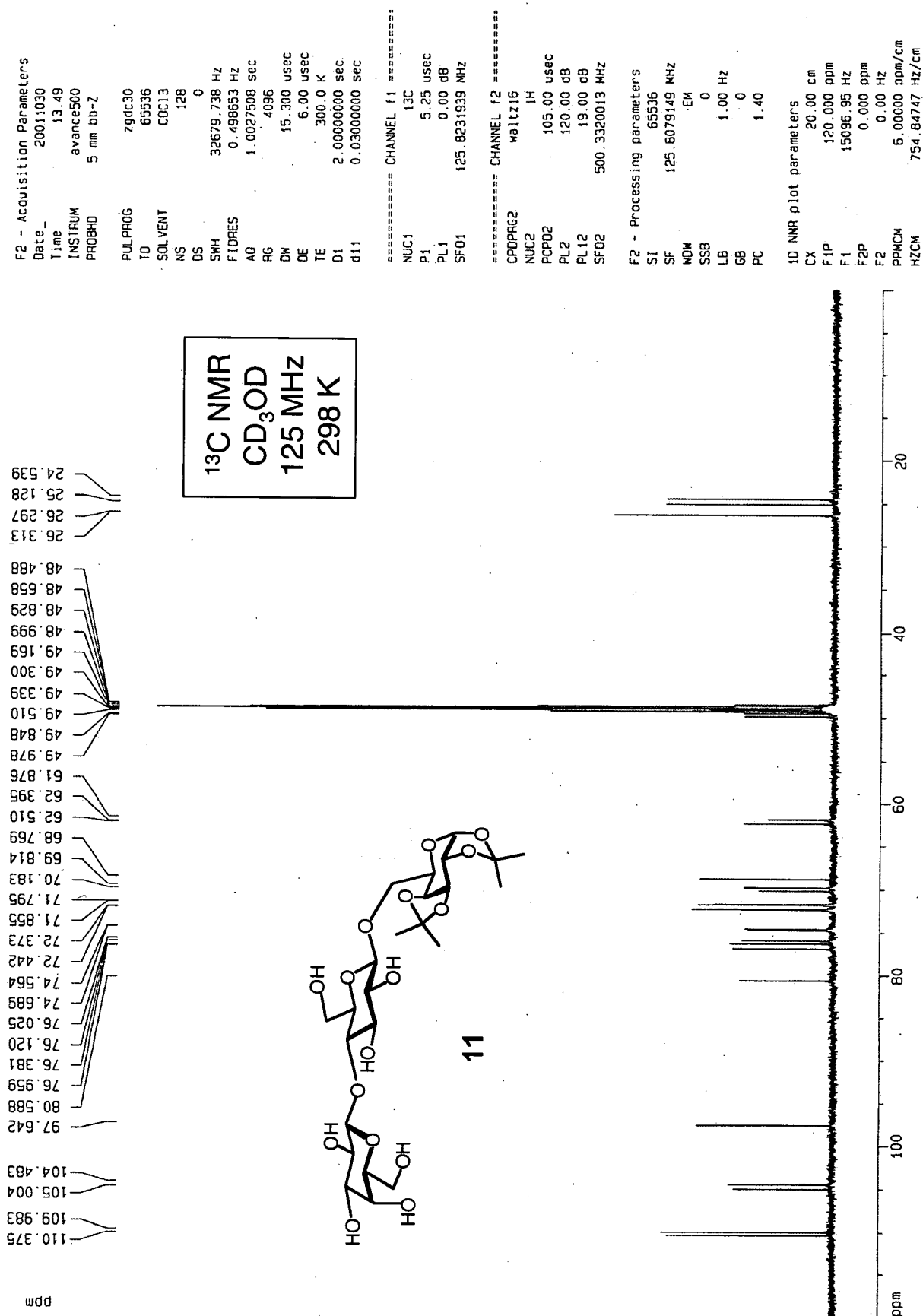












S22

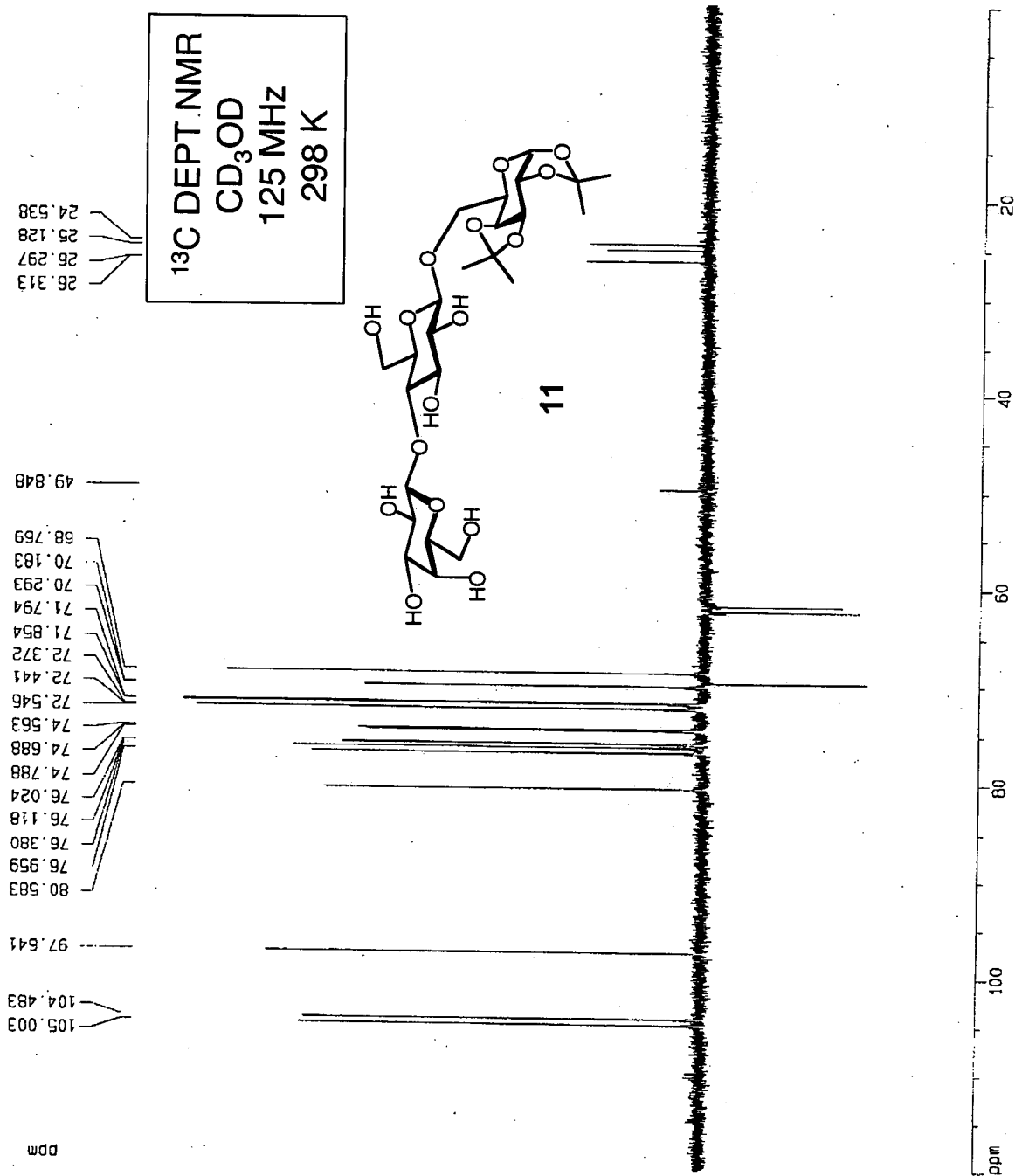
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 DS 0  
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 FIDRES 0.498653 Hz  
 AQ 1.0027508 sec  
 RG 11585.2  
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 DE 6.00 usec  
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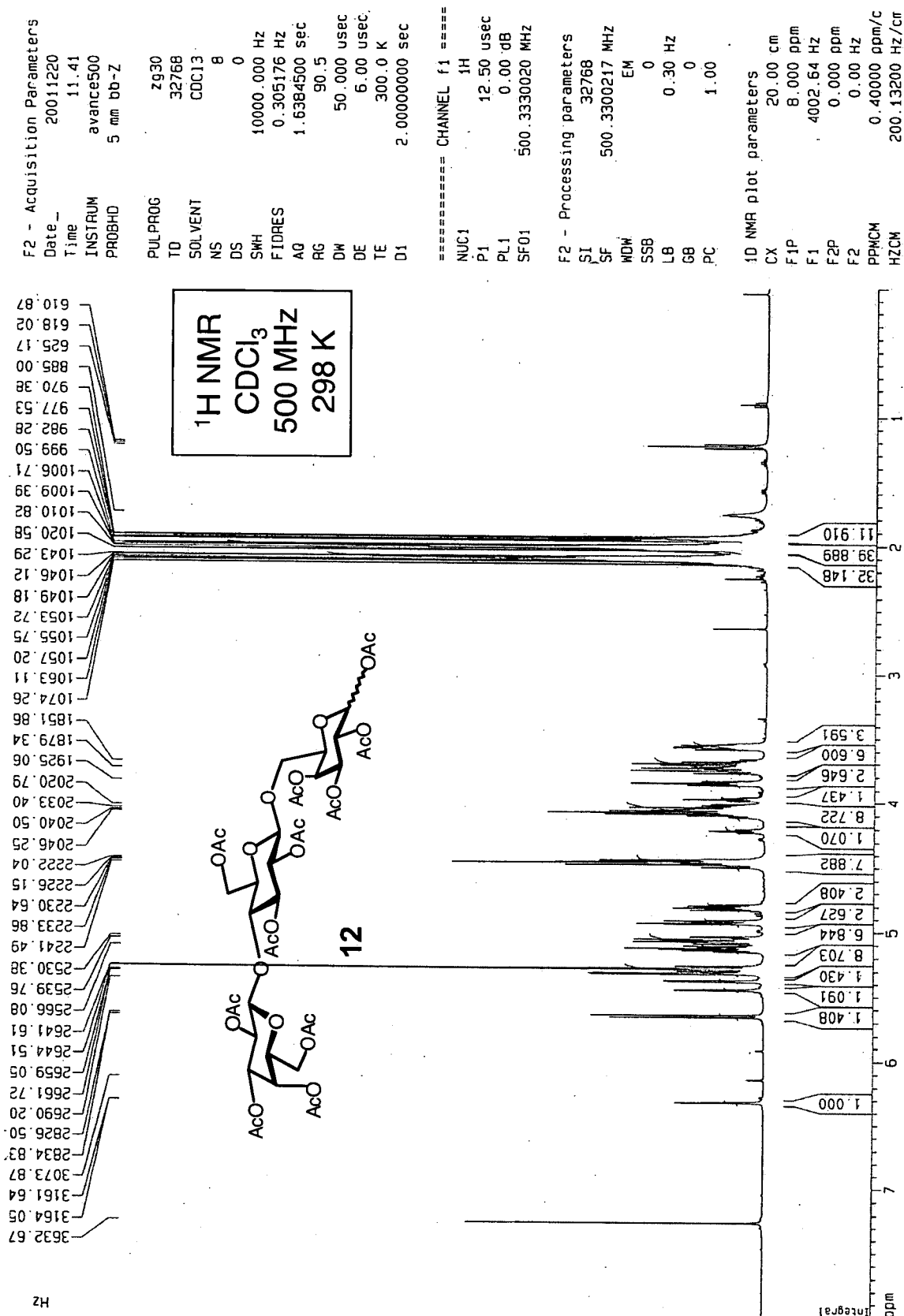
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F2 - Processing parameters  
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 PC 1.40

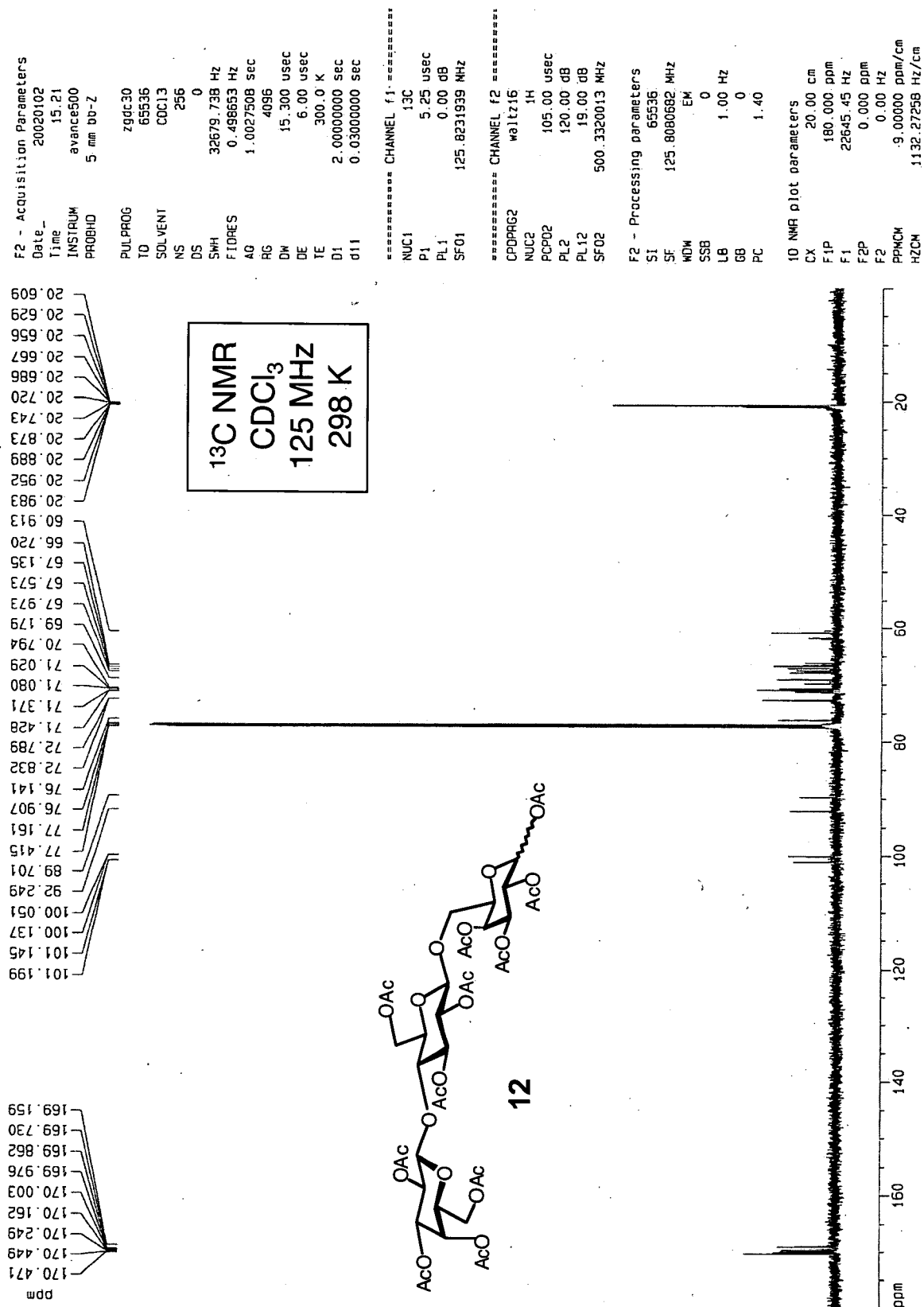
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 HZCM 754.84747 Hz/cm



S23







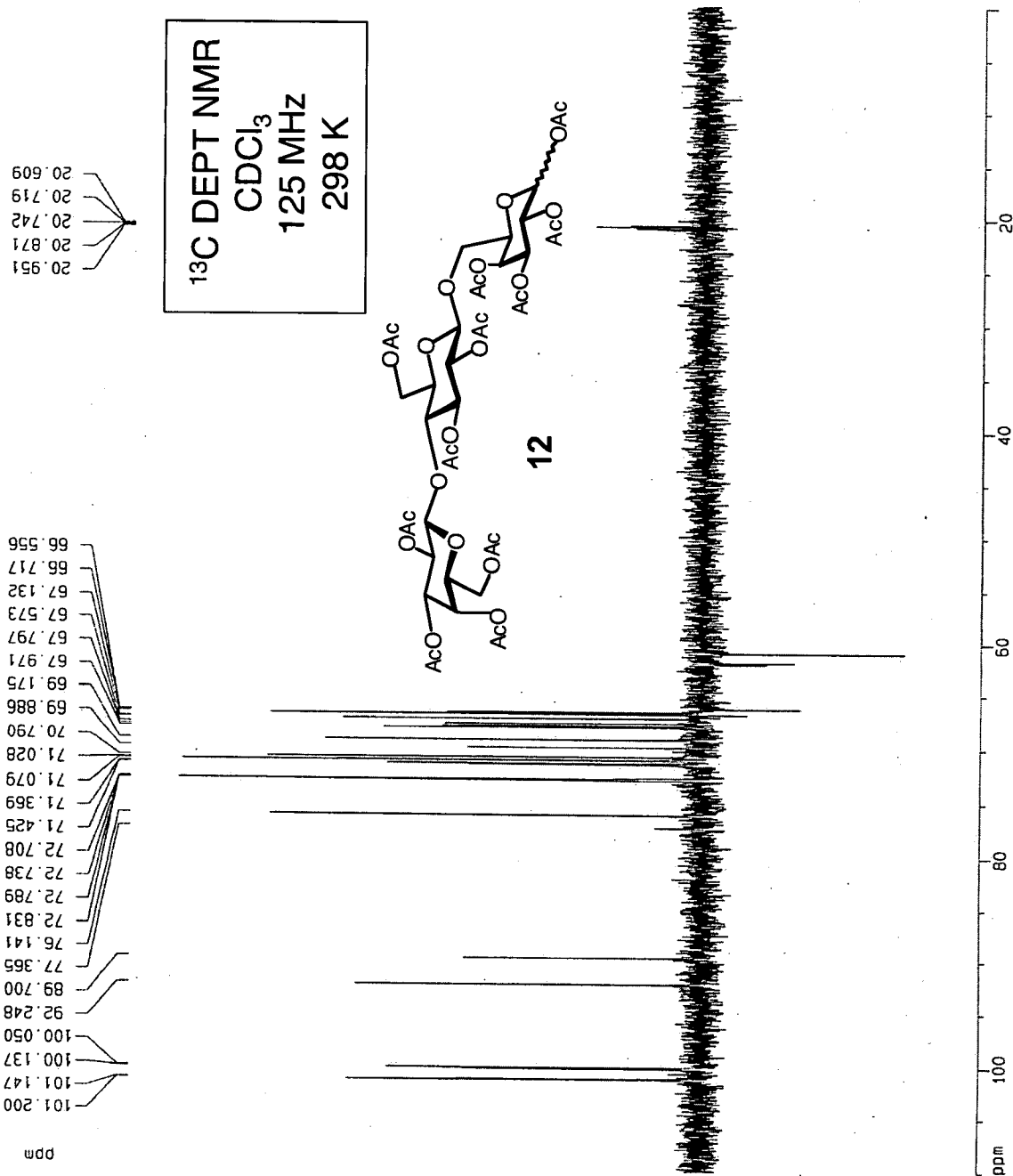
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 FIDRES 0.48653 Hz  
 AQ 1.0027508 sec  
 RG 14596.5  
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 DE 6.00 usec  
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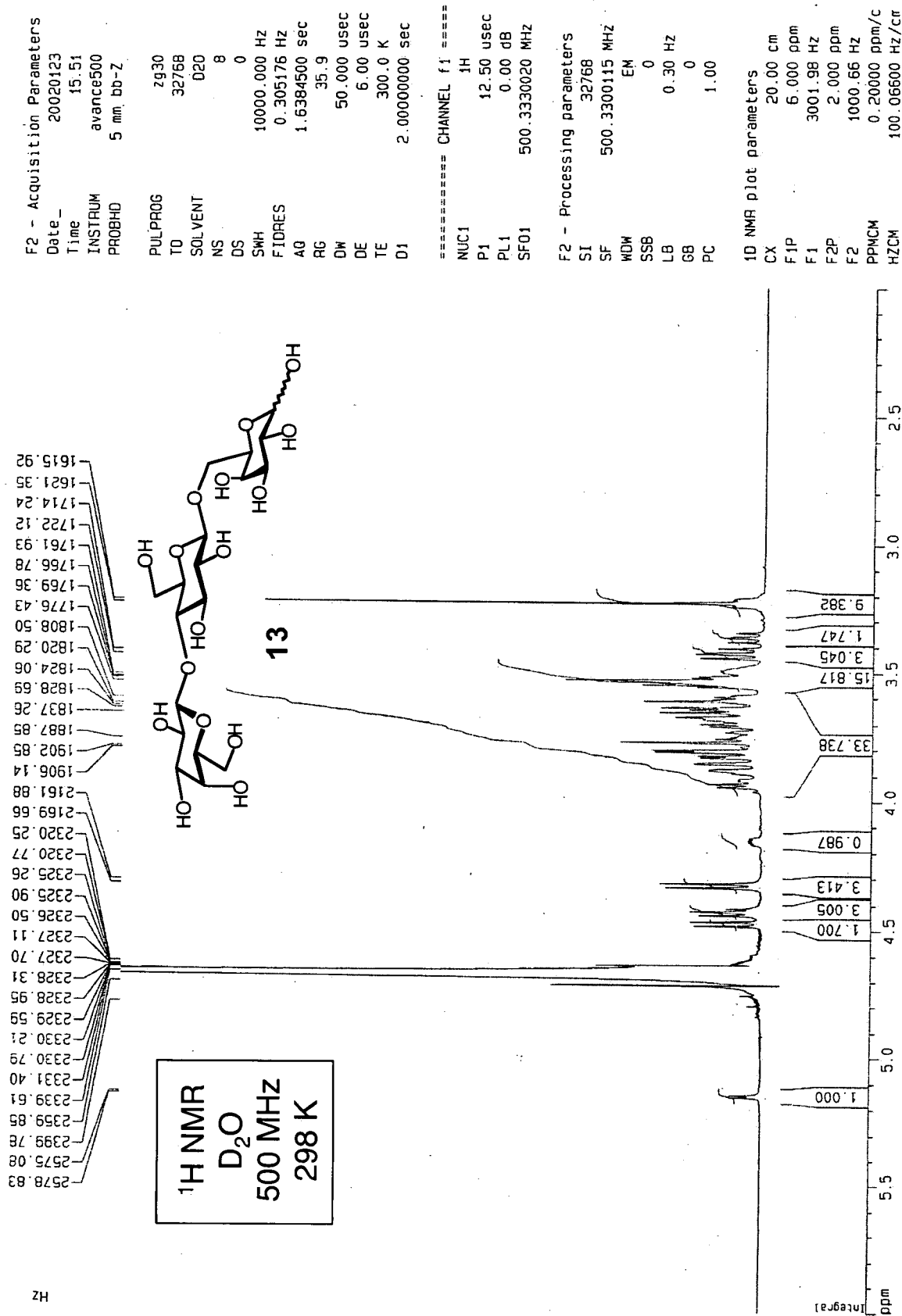
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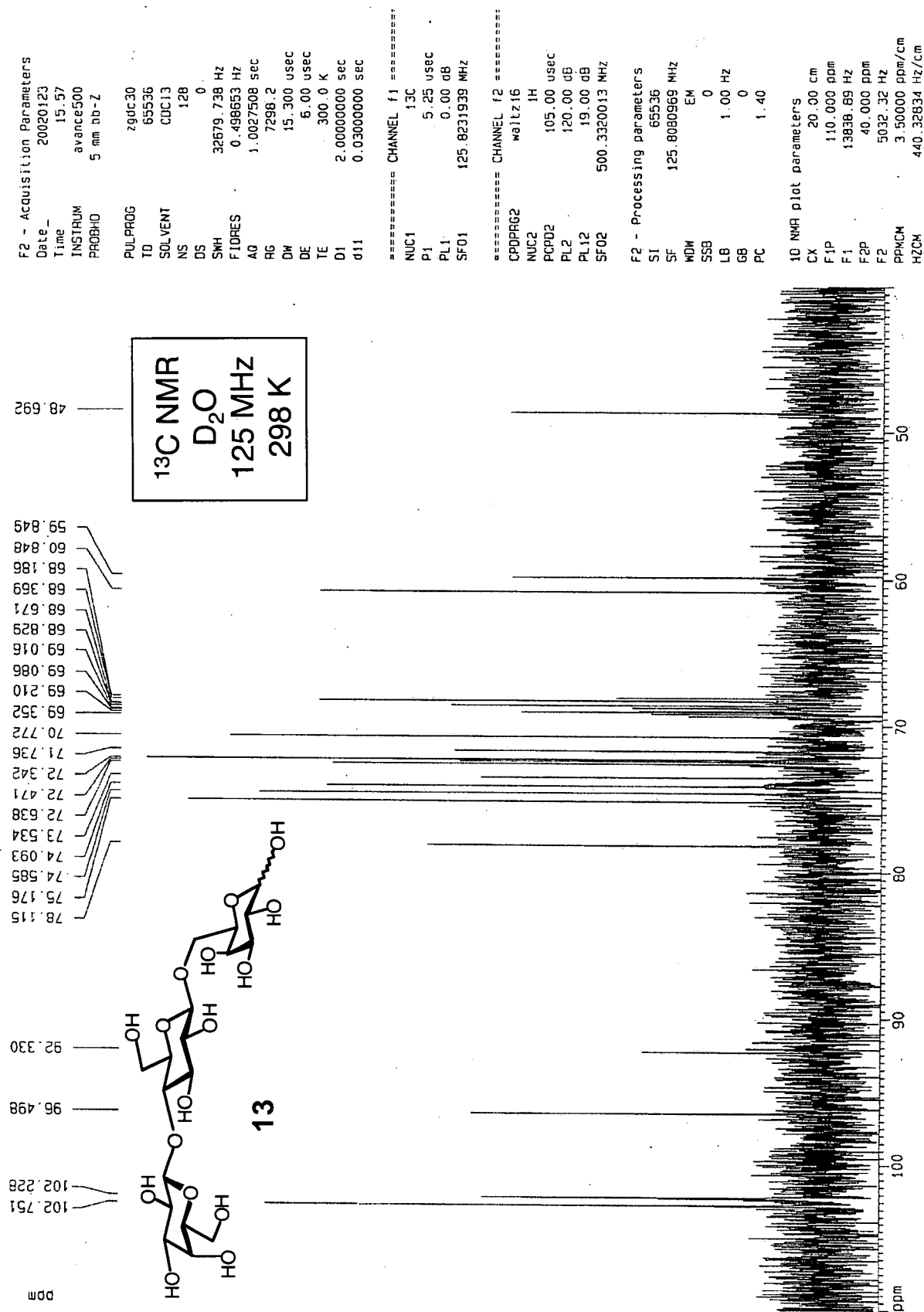
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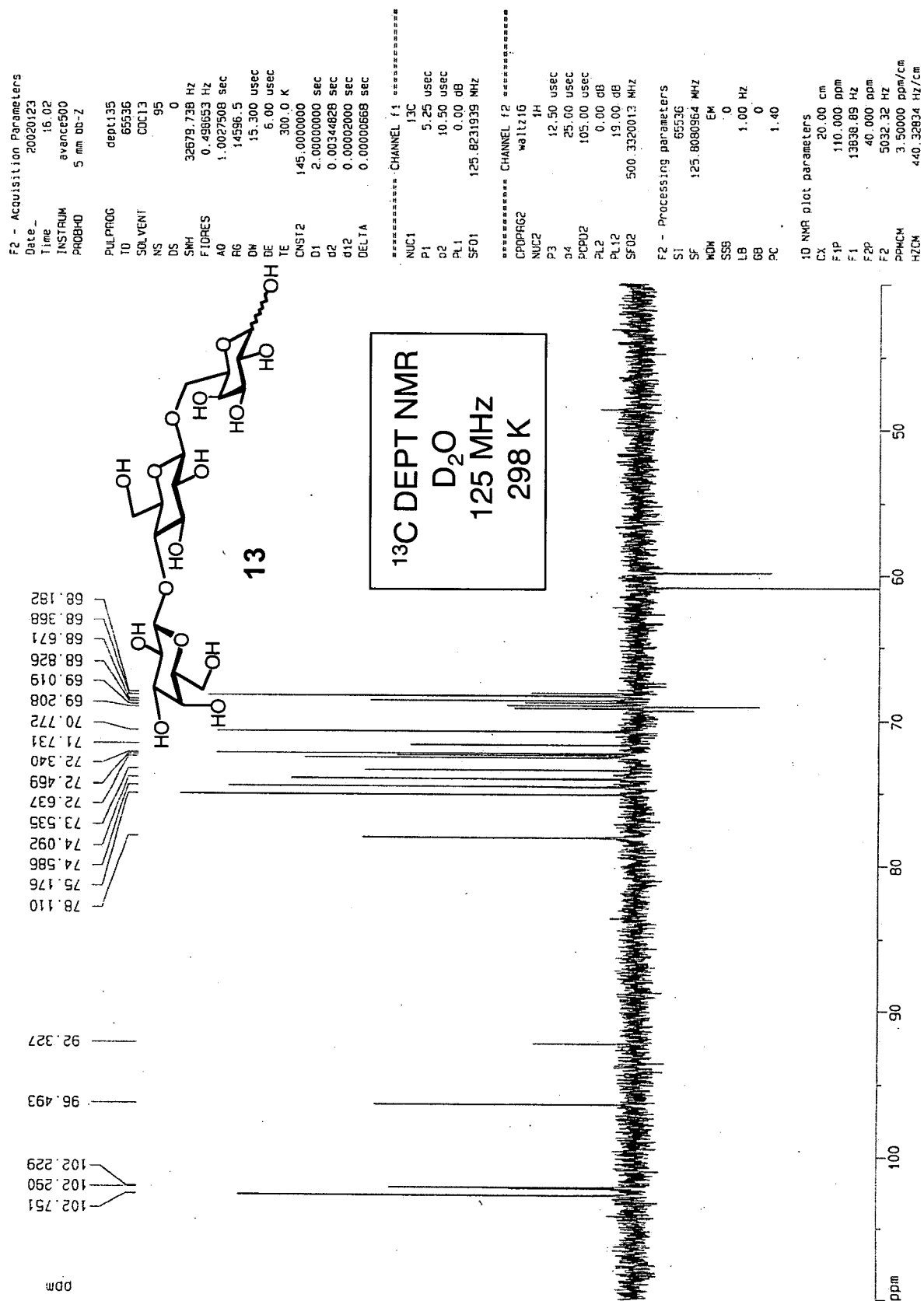
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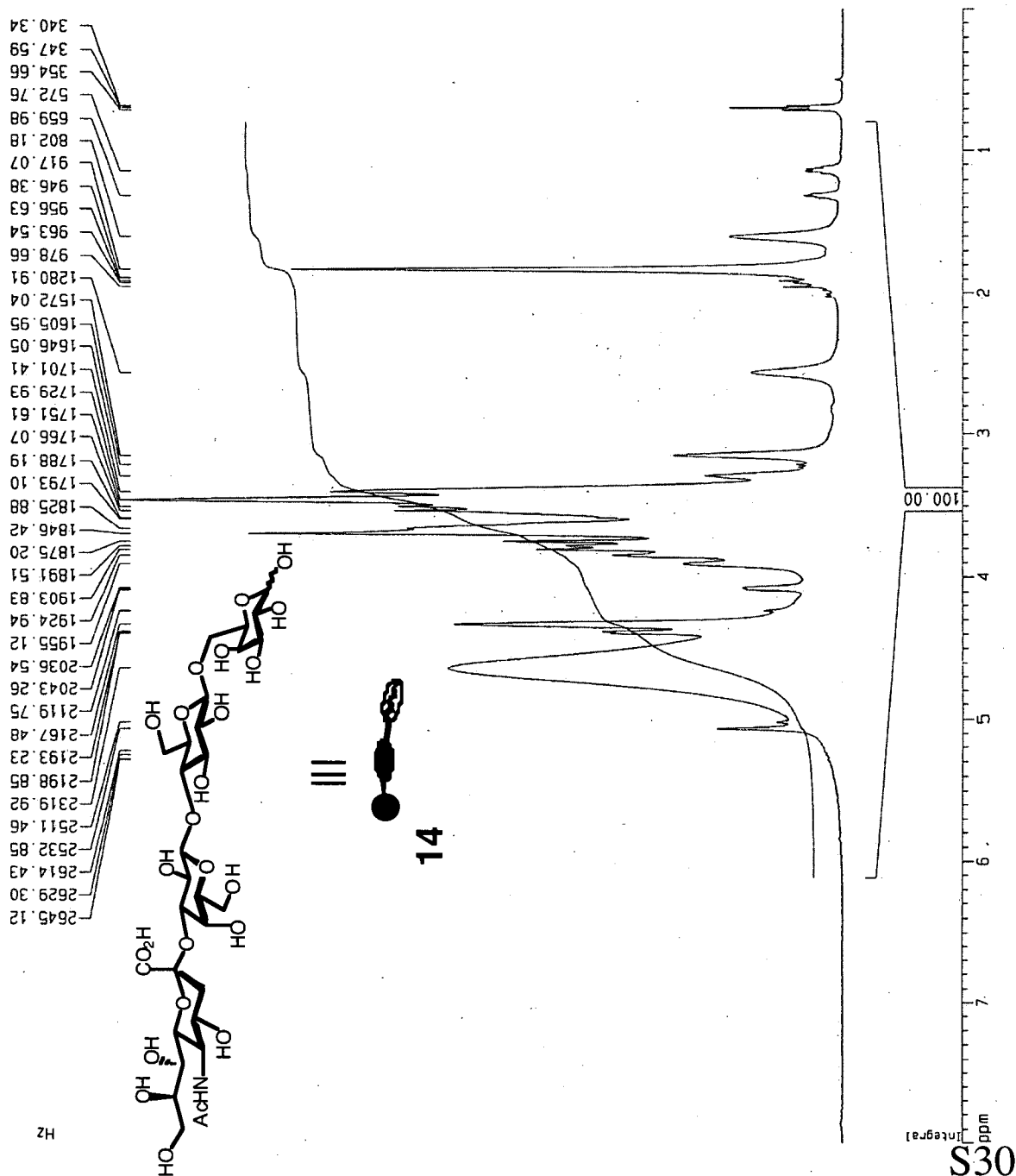








**<sup>1</sup>H NMR in D<sub>2</sub>O  
500 MHz / 298 K**



Current Data Parameters  
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EXPNO 1  
PROCNO 1

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FIDRES 0.305176 Hz  
AQ 1.6384500 sec  
RG 64  
DW 50.000 usec  
DE 6.00 usec  
TE 300.0 K  
D1 2.00000000 sec

===== CHANNEL f1 =====  
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PL1 0.00 dB  
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1D NMR plot parameters  
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